## **Nagaland University**

## ENGLISH (Major/Minor) Syllabi

# FOUR YEAR UG PROGRAMME 2023 Learning Outcomes based Curriculum Framework (LOCF)

for
English (Major/Minor)/
AECC/SEC/VAC
Functional English (SEC)



UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION BAHADUR SHAH ZAFAR MARG NEW DELHI – 110 002

# CURRICULUM AND CREDIT FRAMEWORK FOR UNDERGRADUATE PROGRAMMES

Syllabus for

Department of English Nagaland University

# Major Course (Core papers): Core papers (15 Nos up to 3yrs)

Paper Code	Course Code	Title of the paper	Total Credit
	1	FIRST SEMESTER	
C-1	ICL	Indian Classical Literature	4
C-2	ECL	European Classical Literature	4
		SECOND SEMESTER	
C-3	IWE	Indian Writing in English	4
C-4	BPD-1	British Poetry and Drama-14 <sup>th</sup> -17 <sup>th</sup>	4
		centuries	
		THIRD SEMESTER	
C-5	AL	American Literature	4
C-6	PL	Popular Literature	4
		FOURTH SEMESTER	
C-7	BPD-2	British Poetry and Drama-17 <sup>th</sup> &18 <sup>th</sup>	4
		centuries	
C-8	BL-1	British Literature: 18 <sup>th</sup> century	4
		FIFTH SEMESTER	
C- 9	BRL	British Romantic Literature	4
C-10	BL-2	British Literature: 19 <sup>th</sup> century	4
C-11	WW	Women's Writing	4
		SIXTH SEMESTER	
C-12	BL-3	British Literature: The Early 20 <sup>th</sup> century	4
C-13	MED	Modern European Drama	4
C-14	PCL	Postcolonial Literatures	4
C-15	LT	Literary Theory	4

(DSE-1)				
TOTAL CORE CREDITS 60				
		SEVEN SEMESTER		
C-16 (DSE2)	LC	Literary Criticism	4	
C-17 (DSE3)	WL	World Literatures	4	
C-18	PEM	Prose: Elizabethan to Modern Period	4	
C-19 (DSE4)	RM	Research Methodology	4	
	EIGHT SEMESTER			
C-20	SHAK	Shakespeare	4	
TOTAL CORE CREDITS			80	
Research Project/ Dissertation* OR			12	
C-21*	SOP	Study of a Period	4	
C-22*	MELENI	Multiethnic Literature in English from	4	
		Northeast India		
C-23*	TCLE	21st Century Literature in English	4	

<sup>\*</sup>Students not opting for Writing Dissertation/Research Project shall have to study papers C-21-23. Dissertation/Research Project does not come under the core of 80 credits, rather it is overall SEC.

#### **SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSES (3 Credit Each)**

Kindly check the CBCS guidelines uploaded in the website. Common pools of SEC are already selected by the university. Only those common Pool courses may be given again along with the syllabus (Syllabus also will be in the respective CBCS syllabus uploaded in the website)

Skill Enhancement Courses	Title of the paper	Total Credit	Proposed by
		3	Department
	Basic English	3	English
	Communication Skills		
	Advanced English	3	English
	Communication Skills		_

#### **ABILITY ENHANCEMENT COURSES (2 Credit Each)**

Only for English and MIL subjects may provide the courses. Commerce also may submit business communication course.

Ability Enhancement	Title of the paper	Total Credit	Department	
Courses		2		

ENG-1	2	English
ENG-2	2	English
MIL-1/Hindi/ Alt. English	h-1 2	MIL/Hindi/
		English
MIL-2/Hindi/ Alt. English	h-2 2	MIL/Hindi/
		English

#### **VALUE BASED COURSES (3 Credits)**

Kindly check the proposed value based courses in the proposed four year UG guidelines. BUGS/Colleges may propose new courses too. Also if any department is in a position to develop the proposed Value added courses, kindly do that.

 Value Based courses
 Title of the paper
 Total Credit
 Department

 Soft Skill
 3
 English

 NCC/NSS/ Common Pool
 3

 Work Ethics
 2

#### **MULTI-DISCIPLINARY COURSES (3 Credit Each)**

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MULTI-DISCIPLINARY	Title of the paper	Total Credit	Proposed by	
Courses		3	Department	
	Environmental Science	3	Environmental	
			science	
	SWAYAM/Common Pool	3	SWAYAM	
	Understanding Heritage/	3	History	
	Common Pool			

#### **Preamble**

The UGC Committee constituted for Learning Outcomes based Curriculum Framework for BA Literary Studies in English (Major) is pleased to submit its report.

The Committee suggests that the following global remarks may be taken into account by the faculty members, departments/schools, Boards of Studies in English, Institutes and Universities, while considering the recommendations for their use:

- i. The learning outcomes are designed to help learners understand the objectives of studying BA (Major) in English, that is, to analyze, appreciate, understand and critically engage with literary texts written in English, approaching them from various perspectives and with a clear understanding of locations.
- ii. It is significant to mention here that the BA (Major) English syllabus under CBCS remains the point of reference for the LOCF recommendations. However, stakeholders (departments or universities or institutions) may make suitable alternations with justifications while selecting texts, finalizing objectives and organizing principles keeping in view global, national and regional contexts of analysis and appreciation.
- iii. To this end, the texts mentioned in the LOCF document are indicative. Similarly, the organization of divisions / themes / genres / periods / authors / areas, etc. is specific to contexts identified in the course(s) and does not pre-empt further rethinking or selection with clear justification for the choices exercised therein.
- iv. The organization of the courses/papers may be worked into semesters/years keeping in consideration the credit load in a given semester with the ultimate end of outcomes of the course/programme. However, it makes sense to include courses/papers that demand more attention in the second and third years (third to sixth semester as may be required) of the Major course in English.
- v. Learning outcomes are modifiable with due justification in view of contexts, texts selected in the course and requirements of the stakeholders, which are as diverse as are regions in the country

- vi. The overarching concern of the LOCF committee in English is to have definite and justifiable course outcomes and their realization by the end of the course/programme.
- vii. The Department/Institute/University is expected to encourage its faculty concerned to make suitable pedagogical innovations, in addition to teaching/learning processes suggested in the LOC Recommendations, so that the Course/Programme learning outcomes can be achieved.

### **BA Literary Studies in English (Major)**

#### Part I

#### 1.1 Introduction

Outcome based learning is the principal end of pedagogical transactions in higher education in today's world in the light of exponential changes brought about in science and technology, and the prevalent utilitarian world view of the society. Since humanities is among the most questioned discipline, it is imperative to perspectivise literary studies in English at the UG and PG levels.

Humanities has ever been in crisis in the West, which has impacted social perception beyond the western shores including India, though the Indian mind, before the advent of colonization, related literature to 'kavya satya' (poetic truth), which was different from other forms of truth, and hence not comparable to others. But humanities, poetry to be precise, has found its defendants in all ages.

The present crisis of humanities emanates from the predominance of science and technology in particular because it contributes to human conditions and comfort in tangible terms and thereby changing the human condition with material inventions. The resultant utilitarian society likes to invest in science and technology because it takes care of provisions for life. Literature, on the other hand, takes care of vision. But its impact is intangible and immeasurable in terms of quantity. Humanities or literary discourse brings about qualitative changes that remain immeasurable, but for its manifestation in human conduct that may be observed and experienced, but not quantified. However, what gets obviated in the process is that both of them *i.e.*, science and technology and humanities—are complementary, though those fascinated with tangible outcomes do tend to gloss over it. Fortunately, institutions of repute in management, also science and technology have started paying attention to humanities and social sciences, at least symbolically.

To speak of human values in an age in which humanities as a discipline itself is in a state of crisis may appear paradoxical.

The present century has increasingly realized the interconnectedness of all elements in the universe and interrelatedness of lives. Tim Cook speaks about maintaining balance between science and the humanities:

If science is a search in the darkness, then the humanities are a candle that shows where we have been and the danger that lies ahead. It is technology married with liberal arts, married with the humanities that make our hearts sing.

The function of literature is to bring the questions of values—human and literary—in focus.

Literariness is the ability of literature to attract attention to itself that it achieves through deviant use of language. As a system of knowledge, it aims at providing pleasure first and knowledge thereafter. Therein lies its value in being pleasant. Thereafter, the important thing is to know what literature is valued for. Literature is known for what it stands or its commitment. Literature celebrates life in all forms and stands for and with values of life by representing the weak, the poor, the exploited, the vulnerable and the voiceless. In a way, literary values are values of life, particularly human life.

Accordingly, English literary curricula have evolved over a period of time in India. From its Anglo-centric core, it moved to new literatures—Third World Literature, Commonwealth Literature, American, Canadian, Australian, African Literature, and New Literatures in English, and later to Indian Literature in English and Indian Literature in translation in the light of various critical and theoretical discourses like Post-modernism, Post-colonialism, Feminism, and Black Aesthetics/Dalit Aesthetics among others.

The present phase demands its alignment to the obtaining situation and demands. Its acceptance lies in its ability to enrich engagement with local and global realties, experiences and their manifestations in literary terms without glossing over the core attributes *i.e.*, human values. To achieve this, it is necessary for English studies to recognize and respect the differences and transcend binaries.

The question of relevance and acceptance of English literary studies follows. For local acceptance, it is necessary to have space for local literature and also contiguous literatures. For instance, for a Department of English located in Tamil Nadu may spare about 15 to 20 per cent space to literatures other than English like Tamil and Malayalam, Telugu or Kannada and to skill development.

The LOCF for English is prepared on the contours and curricular structure provided by the UGC, and may be modified without sacrificing the spirit of CBCS and LOCF.

#### 1.2 Learning Outcomes-based Approach to Curricular Planning

The fundamental premise underlying the learning outcomes-based approach to curriculum planning and development is that higher education qualifications such as a Bachelor's Degree (Major) programmes are earned and awarded on the basis of (a) demonstrated achievement of outcomes (expressed in terms of knowledge, understanding, skills, attitudes and values) and (b) academic standards expected of graduates of a programme of study.

The expected learning outcomes are used as reference points that would help formulate graduate attributes, qualification descriptors, programme learning outcomes and course learning outcomes which in turn will help in curriculum planning and development, and in the design, delivery and review of academic programmes.

Learning outcomes-based frameworks in any subject must specify what graduates completing a particular programme of study are (a) expected to know, (b) understand and (c) be able to do at the end of their programme of study. To this extent, LOCF in English is committed to allowing for flexibility and innovation in (i) programme design and syllabi development by higher education institutions (HEIs), (ii) teaching-learning process, (iii) assessment of student learning levels, and (iv) periodic programme review within institutional parameters as well as LOCF guidelines, (v) generating framework(s) of agreed expected graduate attributes, qualification descriptors, programme learning outcomes and course learning outcomes.

The key outcomes that underpin curriculum planning and development at the undergraduate level include Graduate Attributes, Qualification Descriptors, Programme Learning Outcomes, and Course Learning Outcomes.

The LOCF for undergraduate education is based on specific learning outcomes and academic standards expected to be attained by graduates of a programme of study. However, an outcome-based approach identifies moves way from the emphasis on what is to be taught to focus on what is actually learnt by way of demonstrable outcomes. This approach provides greater flexibility to the teachers to develop—and the students to accept and adopt—different learning and teaching pedagogy in an interactive and participatory ecosystem. The idea is to integrate social needs and teaching practices in a manner that is responsive to the need of the community. HEIs, on their turn, shall address to the situations of their students by identifying relevant and common outcomes and by developing such outcomes that not only match the specific needs of the students but also expands their outlook and values.

Moreover, it is borne in mind that outcome based curriculum does not obviate fact that the focus is not just on domain knowledge or outcomes only but on processes and approaches to

be employed in pedagogical transactions. Processes are as important as the outcome. Else the outcomes would remain confined to the paper.

# 1.2.1 Nature and Extent of Bachelor's Degree Programme in English Literature (Major)

- i. Bachelor's Degree (Major) is a well-recognized, structured, and specialized graduate level qualification in tertiary, collegiate education. The contents of this degree are determined in terms of knowledge, understanding, qualification, skills and values that a student intends to acquire in order to look for professional avenues or move to higher education at the postgraduate level.
- ii. Bachelor's Degree (Major) programmes attract entrants from the secondary level or equivalent, often with subject knowledge that may or may not be directly relevant to the particular field of study/profession. Thus, BA (Major) Course in English aims to equip students to qualify for joining a profession or to provide development opportunities in particular employment settings. Graduates are enabled to enter a variety of jobs or to continue academic study at a higher level.
- iii. Qualification descriptors at this level reflect in-depth and specialized knowledge and understanding of their subjects enriched by domain knowledge, student knowledge, critical thinking and effective communication skills. Knowledge at this level includes generic information about what all holders of the qualification are able to do, and the qualities and skills that they have. Courses, therefore, reflect different aspirations of types of students, and skills, learning needs and personal circumstances, needed thereof. Programmes assess not only academic skills but also other skills and attributes including what graduate level education requires, recognizes and accredits in order for the major Degree to sync with national standards and be compatible with international practices.
- iv. The attributes and outcomes associated with specialized programmes of study such as BA Major in English are predominantly comprised of structured learning opportunities. These programmes are devoted to classroom learning, group and individual learning and library and field research projects. The key component in the programme is developing the ability to communicate at different levels, ranging from basic to critical communication.
- v. To complete the programme of study the student needs to demonstrate knowledge of the subject, understanding of one's location, ability to critically appreciate a text or

tradition in itself or in relation to others, knowledge of the development of the discipline locally and globally through classroom study, self-study and research of existing literatures and current practices. The critical perspective, thus acquired, helps the student to link the degree to life skills including professional skills and awareness with an understanding of human and literary value.

#### 1.2.2 Aims of Bachelor's Degree Programme in English Literature (Major)

The Major programme in any subject is, in effect, a bridge between secondary and tertiary level education and postgraduate education. So it is important to make the courses in this programme as inclusive and broad as possible even as they also carry the imprints of specialized programmes of study. Major courses are specialized and remain within the boundaries of accepted and current knowledge. The importance of student research is an integral part of any Major Programme, particularly the English Major programme.

The objectives of the LOCF in English, therefore, revisit traditional expectations of teaching and learning English by centre-staging outcomes that are demonstrable through five key attributes: understanding, use, communication, expansion, and application of subject knowledge with a clear awareness and understanding of one's location in the immediate and global environment.

In order to maximize the advantages of LOCF, the objectives are synced to outcomes. So the LOCF document highlights (i) the basic philosophy of teaching English a Major subject; (ii) the core objectives of English (Literary Studies and Language through Literature) by way of imparting subject knowledge, life skills, awareness of human values, respect for different locations and life forms, and professional skills; (iii) translation of each skill into demonstrable outcomes in terms of basic and critical communication, social engagement, personal growth and ability enhancement; (iv) application and use of domain knowledge as a bridge to society and the world at large; (v) demonstration of professional awareness and problem solving skills; (vi) demonstration of basic knowledge of digital knowledge platforms; (vi) ability to recognize the professional and social utility of the subject; and (vi) in the process understand, appreciate and imbibe values of life.

The broad objectives of the Learning Outcomes-based Curriculum Framework (LOCF) in English Literature (Major) can therefore be outlined through the following points:

• **Prospects of the Curriculum:** Formulating graduate attributes, qualification descriptors, programme learning outcomes and course learning outcomes that are

expected to be demonstrated by the holder of a degree student with Major in English;

- Core Values: Enabling prospective students, parents, employers and others to understand the nature and level of learning outcomes (knowledge, skills, attitudes and human and literary values) or attributes for English Literature (Major);
- Bridge to the World: Providing a framework to see the subject as a bridge to the world in such a way that while recognizing the different conditions in pluralistic society, the students also are aware of a core of shared values such as (i) a commitment to the knowledge to understand the world and how to make a contribution to it; (ii) development of each person's unique potential; (iii) respect for others and their rights; (iv) social and civic responsibility, participation in democratic processes; social justice and cultural diversity; and (v) concern for the natural and cultural environment;
- Assimilation of Ability, Balance, harmony and Inclusiveness: Identifying and
  defining such aspects or attributes of English Literature (Major) that a graduate of the
  subject should be able to demonstrate on successful completion of the programme of
  study;
- Frame for National Standards: Providing a frame of reference for maintaining national standards with international compatibility of learning outcomes of English Literature (Major) and academic standards to ensure global competitiveness, and to facilitate student/graduate mobility;
- Pliability: Formulating outcomes that are responsive to social and technological
  changes in order that the pedagogy will meet student's needs arising from the changes.
  LOCF encourages effective use of new technologies as tools for learning and provide
  a balance between what is common to the education of all students and the kind of
  flexibility and openness required for education;
- **Pedagogy:** Providing higher education institutions an important point of reference for designing teaching-learning strategies, assessing student learning levels, and periodic review of programmes and academic standards for English Literature (Major) with shift from domain knowledge to processes of realizing the outcomes;
- **Development:** Providing HEIs a developmental approach through LOCF that would accommodate social needs and provide students a clear direction of learning.

The specific objectives of the BA programme in English Literature (Major) are to develop in the student the ability to demonstrable the following outcomes:

- 1. Disciplinary Knowledge of English Literature and Literary Studies
- 2. Communication Skills
- 3. Critical Thinking
- 4. Analytical Reasoning
- 5. Problem Solving
- 6. Research-Related Skills
- 7. Self-Directing Learning
- 8. Multicultural Competence
- 9. Values: Moral and Ethical, Literary and Human
- 10. Digital Literacy

The details are explained in the sections that follow.

#### 1.3 Graduate Attributes

Disciplinary Knowledge:

- a) ability to identify, speak and write about different literary genres, forms, periods and movements
- b) ability to understand and engage with various literary and critical concepts and categories
- c) ability to read texts closely, paying attention to themes, generic conventions, historical contexts, and linguistic and stylistic variations and innovations
- d) ability to understand appreciate, analyze, and use different theoretical frameworks
- e) ability to locate in and engage with relevant scholarly works in order to develop one's own critical position and present one's views coherently and persuasively
- f) ability to situate one's own reading, to be aware of one's position in terms of society, religion, caste, region, gender, politics, and sexuality to be self-reflexive and selfquestioning
- g) ability to understand the world, to think critically and clearly about the local and the global through a reading of literatures in translation and in the original, to be a located Indian citizen of the world
- h) ability to see and respect difference and to transcend binaries

#### Communication Skills:

- a) ability to speak and write clearly in standard, academic English
- b) ability to listen to and read carefully various viewpoints and engage with them.
- c) ability to use critical concepts and categories with clarity

#### Critical Thinking:

- a) ability to read and analyze extant scholarship
- b) ability to substantiate critical readings of literary texts in order to persuade others
- c) ability to place texts in historical contexts and also read them in terms of generic conventions and literary history

#### Problem Solving:

- a) ability to transfer literary critical skills to read other cultural texts
- b) ability to read any unfamiliar literary texts

#### Analytical Reasoning:

- a) ability to evaluate the strengths and weaknesses in scholarly texts spotting flaws in their arguments
- b) ability to use critics and theorists to create a framework and to substantiate one's argument in one's reading of literary texts

#### Research-Related Skills:

- a) ability to problematize; to formulate hypothesis and research questions, and to identify and consult relevant sources to find answers
- b) ability to plan and write a research paper

#### Teamwork and Time Management:

- a) ability to participate constructively in class discussions
- b) ability to contribute to group work
- c) ability to meet a deadline

#### Scientific Reasoning:

- a) ability to analyze texts, evaluating ideas and literary strategies
- b) ability to formulate logical and persuasive arguments

#### Reflective Thinking:

ability to locate oneself and see the influence of location—regional, national, global—on critical thinking and reading

#### Self-Directing Learning:

- a) ability to work independently in terms of reading literary and critical texts
- b) ability to carry out personal research, postulate questions and search for answers

#### Digital Literacy:

- a) ability to use digital sources, and read them critically
- b) ability to use digital resources for presentations

#### Multicultural Competence:

- a) ability to engage with and understand literature from various nations and reasons and languages
- b) ability to respect and transcend differences

#### Moral and Ethical Values:

- a) ability to interrogate one's own ethical values, and to be aware of ethical issues
- b) ability to read values inherited in literary texts and criticism *vis a vis*, the environment, religion and spirituality, as also structures of power

#### Leadership Readiness:

ability to lead group discussions, to formulate questions for the class in literary and social texts

#### Life-long Learning:

- a) ability to retain and build on critical reading skills
- b) ability to transfer such skills to other domains of one's life and work

#### 1.4 Qualification descriptors for a bachelor's degree with English Major

The qualification descriptors for the BA (English Major) programme in English shall be five learning attributes such as understanding, use, communication, expansion, and application of subject knowledge with a clear understanding of one's location. This also involves awareness on the students' part of differences pertaining to class, caste, gender, community, region, etc. in order that they can transcend these differences with transparency of purpose and thought. The key qualification descriptor for English Major shall be clarity of communication as well as critical thinking and ethical awareness. Each Major Graduate in English should be able to

- demonstrate a coherent and systematic knowledge and understanding of the field of
  literary and theoretical developments in the field of English Studies and English
  Studies in India. This would also include the student's ability to identify, speak and
  write about genres, forms, periods, movements and conventions of writing as well as
  the ability to understand and engage with literary-critical concepts, theories and
  categories
- *demonstrate* the ability to understand the role of literature in a changing world from the disciplinary perspective as well as in relation to its professional and everyday use. While the aspect of disciplinary attribute is covered by the ability of the students to read texts with close attention to themes, conventions, contexts and value systems, a key aspect of this attribute is their ability to situate their reading, their position(s) in terms of community, class, caste, religion, language, region, gender, politics, and an understanding of the global and the local
- *demonstrate* the ability to think and write critically and clearly about one's role as a located Indian citizen of the world through a reading of English literatures and literatures in translation
- *Communicate* ideas, opinions and values—both literary values and values of life in all shades and shapes—in order to expand the knowledge of the subject as it moves from the classroom to life and life-worlds
- Demonstrate the ability to share the results of academic and disciplinary learning through different forms of communication such as essays, dissertations, reports, findings, notes, etc, on different platforms of communication such as the classroom, the media and the internet

- Recognize the scope of English studies in terms of career opportunities, employment
  and lifelong engagement in teaching, publishing, translation, communication, media,
  soft skills and other allied fields
- Apply subject-specific skills in language and literature to foster a larger sense of ethical and moral responsibility among fellow humans in order to see and respect differences in and among various species and life-forms and learn to transcend them

The programme will strengthen the student's ability to draw on narratives that alert us to layers and levels of meaning and differences in situations and complexities of relations. Linguistic and literary competence should help the students identify, analyze and evaluate keys issues in the text and around in the world—thematic, contextual, professional, processual—and think of ways to find acceptable and sustainable solutions. Students will have the ability to understand and articulate with clarity and critical thinking one's position in the world as an Indian and as an Indian citizen of the world.

#### 1.5 The Teaching Learning Process

Learning is a challenging, engaging, and enjoyable activity. Learners should be encouraged to engage in a rigorous process of learning and self-discovery by adopting a highly focused and yet flexible approach to education as opposed to rote learning. Each day learners should be encouraged to focus on key areas of the course and spend time on learning the course fundamentals and their application in life and society. In teaching and learning pedagogy, there should be a shift from domain or conclusions based approach to the experiential or process/es based approach.

The faculty should promote learning on a proportionate scale of 20:30:50 principle, where lectures (listening/hearing) constitute 20 percent of the delivery; visuals (seeing) 30 percent of the learning methods; and experience (doing/participating) 50 percent. This ratio is subject to change as per institutional needs. In order to achieve its objective of focused process based learning and holistic development, the Institution/University may use a variety of knowledge delivery methods:

#### 1.5.1 Lectures

Lectures should be designed to provide the learners with interesting and fresh perspectives on the subject matter. Lectures should be interactive in a way that students work with their teachers to get new insights in the subject area, on which they can build their own bridges to higher learning.

#### 1.5.2 Discussions

Discussions are critical components of learning, and can be used as a platform for students to be creative and critical with old and new ideas. Besides developing critiquing skills, arriving at consensus on various real life issues and discussion groups lead to innovative problem solving and, ultimately to success.

#### 1.5.3 Simulations

Simulations provide students opportunities to understand real life situations and scenarios, and solve challenges in a controlled environment or make use of them in simulating cultural experiences by locating/transposing them in new (local, regional, national and international) situations.

#### 1.5.4 Case Studies:

Real case studies, wherever possible, should be encouraged in order to challenge students to find creative solutions to complex problems of individual, community, society and various aspects of knowledge domain concerned.

#### 1.5.5 Role Playing

Assuming various roles, as in real life, is the key to understanding and learning. Students are challenged to make strategic decisions through role-plays, and to analyze the impact of these decisions. For this purpose, incidents from literary texts may also be used.

#### 1.5.6 Team Work

Positive collaboration in the form of team work is critical in the classroom environment, for which it is necessary to transcend one's prejudices and predilections so as to achieve the desired outcomes. In the process of team work, learners will acquire the skills of managing knowledge acquisition and other collaborative learners, thereby understanding how to incorporate and balance personalities.

#### 1.5.7 Study Tours/Field Visits:

Study Tours/ Field trips provide opportunities to the learners to test their in-class learning in real life situations as well as to understand the functional diversity in the learning spaces. These may include visits to sites of knowledge creation, preservation, dissemination and application. Institutions may devise their own methods to substitute/modify this aspect.

#### 1.6 Assessment Methods

#### 1.6.1 Alignment of Programme Learning Outcomes and Course Learning Outcomes:

The assessment of learners' achievement in BA English (Major) will be aligned with the following:

- programme learning outcomes (graduate descriptors)
- course learning outcomes (qualification descriptors)
- academic and professional skills suggested in the graduate learning descriptors in the LOCF recommendations (indicated and illustrated in the Learning Outcomes in respect of select courses)

1.6.2 Assessment priorities: Institutions will be required to prioritize formative assessments (in-semester activities including tests done at the department or instructor level) rather than giving heavy and final weightage to summative assessments (end-semester and/or mid-semester tests traditionally done centrally). Progress of learners towards achieving learning outcomes may be assessed making creative use of the following, either independently or in combination: time-constrained examinations (say 1-hour or 2-hour tests); closed-book and open-book tests (if applicable, rather than doing as a rule); problem based assignments; real life simulations; observation of practical skills (speaking, listening, problem solving within a peer group or a class); individual project reports (case-study or term papers within a given word limit); team project reports; oral presentations, including seminar presentation; viva voce, interviews; computerized adaptive testing for MCQ; peer and self-assessment etc. and any other pedagogic approaches as may be relevant keeping in view the learners' level, credit load and class size.

**1.6.3 Diversity in Assessment Methods**: Allowing for the diversity in learning and pedagogical methods adopted by different universities and institutions, stakeholders (Academic Councils, Boards of Studies or statutory bodies) are expected to ensure that the objectives of the course(s) are clearly aligned to learning outcomes. It is expected that the curricula developed by institutions will maintain a transparent roadmap of (a) pedagogical methods and priorities and (b) learning outcomes that reflect the weightage points given to different aspects of skills and achievements identified in the recommendations.

**1.6.4 Learning Outcomes Index:** While devising assessment modes and criteria, institutions may look to gridlock course learning outcomes and programme learning outcomes as indicated in the LOCF (English), and work out ways to assign credit loads and distribute weightage points for each. The following table shows one possible way to develop a Learning Outcomes index for the Programme and the courses.

**1.6.5** Innovation and Flexibility: Within each category, institutions are expected to encourage instructors to bring in innovative and flexible methods to guarantee the fullest realization of Learning Outcomes outlined in the document. All such instructional and assessment requirements must be clearly communicated to all stakeholders at the time of course registration. Any subsequent change or minor modification necessary for fuller realization of learning outcomes must be arranged with due notice and institutional arrangement at the relevant level.

- **1.6.6 Freedom and Accountability:** Freedom and accountability of the stakeholder are key attributes that determine the success of the Learning Outcomes framework. For example, in research work, learners may be asked to pay attention to library work and survey of literature, originality of ideas, formulation of arguments, and creativity. Components may be assigned weightage points accordingly (say, x:y:z for different components out of 15 points). The excellence of institutions will be increasingly determined by Learning Outcomes rather than programme or course objectives. Hence it is necessary to innovate continually in learning and assessment in order to ensure meaningful and socially relevant learning (with transparent Learning Outcomes indices) rather than rote learning.
- **1.6.7 Clustering of Activities:** Each cluster of activity may be assigned weightage points in accordance with the priorities of the institution without diluting the principles given in the LOCF. So an institution may choose to have any or all of the following in its in-semester activities with clear and transparent methods of communication to learners: open viva voce, group quiz or individual, classroom simulations and problem solving activities, library or field visits, term papers, individual and group reports, poster presentations. Credit hour and L-T-O distribution shall be crucial to any such clustering.
- **1.6.8 Review and Amendment:** It is important for institutions to review, periodically and without fail, the efficacy of any method adopted to meet the learning outcomes proposed in the LOCF recommendations. Institutions are also required to make statutory provisions to adapt/modify/amend rules and clauses as may be necessary without violating the spirit of the larger programme outcomes outlined by the UGC in the CBCS guidelines.
- **1.6.9 Spirit Rather than Letter of the LOCF:** The guidelines for assessment given here and elsewhere in the LOCF recommendations are indicative rather than exhaustive. So institutions are expected to frame assessment modes and criteria relevant to their situation and context, in keeping with the spirit of the LOCF. The basic idea of LOCF (English Honours)—that learners at this level should understand their position(s) in the light of regional, national and global perspectives—must find a true and transparent reflection in the assessment.

#### 1.7 Keywords

BA Literary Studies in English (Major), ELT Course at UG Level, Skills and Ability Enhancement Elective Courses, Literary and human values, critical analysis and interpretation, British Poetry and Drama, British Romantic Literature, Literature of the Indian Diaspora, Media and Communication Skills, Postcolonial Literatures, British Literature: Post World War II, Travel Writing, Indian Classical Literature, European Classical Literature, Literary Criticism, Literary Theory, Indian Writing in English, Modern Indian Writing in English Translation, Translation Studies, Modern European Drama, American Literature, Popular Literature, Women's Writing, Nineteenth Century European Realism, Science Fiction and Detective Literature, Literature and Cinema, World Literatures, Partition Literature, Academic Writing and Composition, Autobiography, Text and Performance, Language and Linguistics, Contemporary India: Women and Empowerment, Gender and Human Rights, Language, Literature and Culture, English/MIL Communication, Film Studies, English Language Teaching, Soft Skills, Creative Writing, Business Communication, TechnicalWriting.

## **BA English (MAJOR) Courses**

#### A. Core Courses

#### C-1/PAPER 1: INDIAN CLASSICAL LITERATURE (ICL)

#### **Course Level Learning Outcomes:**

Some of the course learning outcomes that students of this course are required to demonstrate run thus:

- explain the eco-socio-political-cultural context of the age that produced Indian classical literature from its early beginning till 1100 AD
- appreciate the pluralistic and inclusive nature of Indian classical literature and its attributes
- historically situate the classical literature and diverse literary cultures from India, mainly from Sanskrit, but also Tamil, Prakrit and Pali by focusing on major texts in the principal genres
- trace the evolution of literary culture(s) in India in its/their contexts, issues of genres, themes and critical cultures
- understand, analyze and appreciate various texts with comparative perspectives

#### **Course Content**

#### Unit-I:

a) The Indian Epic Tradition: Themes and Recensions

b)Classical Drama: Theory and Practice

- c) Alankara and Rasa
- d) Dharma and the Heroic

#### **Unit-II:**

Kalidasa *Abhijnana Shakuntalam*, tr. Chandra Rajan, in *Kalidasa: The Loom of Time* (New Delhi: Penguin, 1989).

**Unit-III:** Vyasa 'The Dicing' and 'The Sequel to Dicing, 'The Book of the Assembly Hall', 'The Temptation of Karna', Book V 'The Book of Effort', in *The Mahabharata:* tr. and ed. J.A.B. van Buitenen (Chicago: Brill, 1975) pp. 106–69.

**Unit-IV:** Sudraka *Mrcchakatika*, tr. M.M. Ramachandra Kale (New Delhi: Motilal Banarasidass, 1962)

**Unit-V**: Ilango Adigal 'The Book of Banci', in *Cilappatikaram: The Tale of an Anklet*, tr. R. Parthasarathy (Delhi: Penguin, 2004) book 3.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Bharata, *Natyashastra*, tr. Manomohan Ghosh, vol. I, 2nd edn (Calcutta: Granthalaya, 1967) chap. 6: 'Sentiments', pp. 100–18.
- 2. Iravati Karve, 'Draupadi', in *Yuganta: The End of an Epoch* (Hyderabad: Disha, 1991) pp. 79–105.
- 3. J.A.B. Van Buitenen, 'Dharma and Moksa', in Roy W. Perrett, ed., *Indian Philosophy*, vol. V, Theory of Value: A Collection of Readings (New York: Garland, 2000) pp. 33–40.
- 4. Vinay Dharwadkar, 'Orientalism and the Study of Indian Literature', in *Orientalism and the Postcolonial Predicament: Perspectives on South Asia*, ed. Carol A. Breckenridge and Peter van der Veer (New Delhi: OUP, 1994) pp. 158–95.
- 5. A.V. Kieth, History of Sanskrit Literature. Oxford: OUP, 1920.
- 6. A.K. Warder, Indian Kavya Literature, 8 Volumes. Delhi: Motilal Banarsidas, 2011

#### C-2/ PAPER 2: EUROPEAN CLASSICAL LITERATURE (ECL)

#### **Course Level Learning Outcomes**

Some of the course learning outcomes that students of this course are required to demonstrate run thus:

- historically situate classical European, i.e., Greek and Latin literary cultures and their socio-political-cultural contexts
- engage with classical literary traditions of Europe from the beginning till the 5<sup>th</sup> century AD
- grasp the evolution of the concept of classic and classical in the European literary thinking and its reception over a period of time
- appreciate classical literature of Europe and pursue their interests in it
- examine different ways of reading and using literary texts across a wide range of classical authors, genres and periods with comparative perspectives
- develop ability to pursue research in the field of classics
- develop academic and practical skills in terms of communication and presentation and also learn about human and literary values of classical period

#### **Course Content**

#### **Unit-I:**

The Epic Comedy and Tragedy in Classical Drama The Athenian City State Catharsis and Mimesis Satire Literary Cultures in Augustan Rome

#### Unit-II:

Homer The Iliad, tr. E.V. Rieu (Harmondsworth: Penguin, 1985). Book-I & II.

#### **Unit-III:**

Sophocles *Oedipus the King*, tr. Robert Fagles in *Sophocles: The Three Theban Plays* (Harmondsworth: Penguin, 1984).

#### **Unit-IV:**

Plautus *Pot of Gold*, tr. E.F. Watling (Harmondsworth: Penguin, 1965).

#### **Unit-V:**

Ovid Selections from Metamorphoses 'Bacchus', (Book III), 'Pyramus and Thisbe' (Book IV), 'Philomela' (Book VI), tr. Mary M. Innes (Harmondsworth: Penguin, 1975).

- 1. Aristotle, *Poetics*, translated with an introduction and notes by Malcolm Heath, (London: Penguin, 1996) chaps. 6–17, 23, 24, and 26.
- 2. Plato, *The Republic*, Book X, tr. Desmond Lee (London: Penguin, 2007).
- 3. Homer, The Iliad. Tr. E.V. Rieu. Harmondsworth: Penguin, 1985.
- 4. Sophocles, *Oedipus the King*. Tr. Robert Fagles in *Sophocles: The Three Theban Plays*. Harmondsworth: Penguin, 1984.
- 5. Richard Rutherford, *Classical Literature: A Concise History*. Oxford: Blackwell Publishing, 2005.

## UGC Document on LOCF English

#### C-3/PAPER 3: INDIAN WRITING IN ENGLISH (IWE)

#### **Course Level Learning Outcomes**

Some of the course learning outcomes that students of this course are required to demonstrate run thus:

- appreciate the historical trajectory of various genres of IWE from colonial times till the present
- critically engage with Indian literary texts written in English in terms of colonialism/postcolonialism, regionalism, and nationalism
- critically appreciate the creative use of the English language in IWE
- approach IWE from multiple positions based on historical and social locations

#### **Course Content**

#### **Unit-I:**

- Indian English
- Indian English Literature and its Readership
- Themes and Contexts of the Indian English Novel
- The Aesthetics of Indian English Poetry
- Modernism in Indian English Literature
- The Nation and Indian English Literature

#### **Unit-II:**

#### **POETRY**

- H.L.V. Derozio 'Freedom to the Slave', 'The Orphan Girl', 'To India My Native Land'
  - Kamala Das, 'Introduction', 'My Grandmother's House'
- Nissim Ezekiel, 'Enterprise' &, 'The Night of the Scorpion'
- Robin S. Ngangom, 'The Strange Affair of Robin S. Ngangom', 'A Poem for Mother'
- Eunice de Souza, 'De Souza Prabhu'

#### **Unit-III:**

#### **NOVELS**

- R.K. Narayan, Swami and Friends
- Amitav Ghosh, Shadow Lines

#### **Unit-IV:**

#### SHORT FICTION

- Rohinton Mistry 'Swimming Lesson'
- Shashi Deshpande 'The Intrusion'

#### Unit-V:

#### DRAMA

• Mahesh Dattani: *Tara* 

#### **Suggested Readings**

Raja Rao, Foreword to Kanthapura (New Delhi: OUP, 1989) pp. v-vi.

Salman Rushdie, 'Commonwealth Literature does not exist', in *Imaginary Homelands* (London: Granta Books, 1991) pp. 61–70.

Meenakshi Mukherjee, 'Divided by a Common Language', in *The Perishable Empire* (New Delhi: OUP, 2000) pp.187–203.

Bruce King, 'Introduction', in *Modern Indian Poetry in English* (New Delhi: OUP, 2<sup>nd</sup> edn, 2005) pp. 1–10.

# C-4-PAPER 4: BRITISH POETRY AND DRAMA: 14TH TO 17TH CENTURIES (BPD-1)

#### **Course Level Learning Outcomes**

Some of the course learning outcomes that students of this course are required to demonstrate run thus:

- understand the tradition of English literature from 14th to 17th centuries.
- develop a clear understanding of Renaissance Humanism that provides the basis for the texts suggested
- engage with the major genres and forms of English literature and develop fundamental skills required for close reading and critical thinking of the texts and concepts
- appreciate and analyze the poems and plays in the larger socio-political and religious contexts of the time.

#### **Course Content**

The texts suggested here are in addition to those in the CBCS syllabus. Some texts/portions have been changed keeping in view the Course Level Learning Outcomes (CLLO) as well as global guidelines in the LOCF documents. Stakeholders, as already suggested, may make amendments in the finalization of the corpus as well as the points raised in the CLLO.

#### **Unit-I:**

- Renaissance Humanism
- The Stage, Court and City
- Religious and Political Thought
- Ideas of Love and Marriage
- The Writer in Society

#### **Unit-II:**

- (i) Geoffrey Chaucer The Wife of Bath's Prologue
- (ii) Edmund Spenser Selections from Amoretti:

Sonnet LXVII 'Like as a huntsman...'

Sonnet LVII 'Sweet warrior...'

Sonnet LXXV 'One day I wrote her name...'

(iii) John Donne 'The Sunne Rising',

'Batter My Heart'

'Valediction: Forbidding Mourning'

#### **Unit-III:**

Christopher Marlowe Doctor Faustus

#### **Unit-IV:**

William Shakespeare- Macbeth

#### **Unit-V**:

William Shakespeare -Twelfth Night

#### **Suggested Readings**

Pico Della Mirandola, excerpts from the *Oration on the Dignity of Man*, in *The Portable Renaissance Reader*, ed. James Bruce Ross and Mary Martin McLaughlin (New York: Penguin Books, 1953) pp. 476–9.

John Calvin, 'Predestination and Free Will', in *The Portable Renaissance Reader*, ed. James Bruce Ross and Mary Martin McLaughlin (New York: Penguin Books, 1953) pp. 704–11.

Baldassare Castiglione, 'Longing for Beauty' and 'Invocation of Love', in Book 4 of *The Courtier*, 'Love and Beauty', tr. George Bull (Harmondsworth: Penguin, rpt. 1983) pp. 324–8, 330–5.

Philip Sidney, *An Apology for Poetry*, ed. Forrest G. Robinson (Indianapolis: Bobbs-Merrill, 1970) pp. 13–18.

#### C-5/PAPER 5: AMERICAN LITERATURE (AL)

# **Course Level Learning Outcomes**

Some of the course learning outcomes that students of this course are required to demonstrate run thus:

- understand the depth and diversity of American literature, keeping in mind the history and culture of the United States of America from the colonial period to the present (17<sup>th</sup> century to 21<sup>st</sup> century)
- understand the historical, religious and philosophical contexts of the American spirit in literature; social-cultural-ecological-political contexts may, for example, include the idea of democracy, Millennial Narratives, the Myth of Success, the American Adam, the Myth of the Old South, the Wild West, Melting pot, Multiculturalism, etc.
- appreciate the complexity of the origin and reception of American literature, given its European and non-European historical trajectories, particularly in relation to writers of European (Anglo-Saxon, French, Dutch and Hispanic) descent, as well as writers from black and non-European (African, American Indian, Hispanic-American and Asian) writing traditions
- critically engage with the complex nature of American society, given its journey from specific religious obligations and their literary transformations (such as Puritanism, Unitarianism, Transcendentalism, etc.) to the growth of anti- or non-Christian sensibilities
- critically appreciate the diversity of American literature in the light of regional variations in climate, cultural traits, economic priorities
- explore and understand the nature of the relationships of human beings to other human beings and other life forms in relation to representative literary texts in various genres
- relate the African American experience in America (both ante-bellum and postbellum) to issues of exclusion in societies relevant to their learning experience
- analyze the American mind from global and Indian perspectives and situate the American in the contemporary world

**Course Content** 

The texts suggested here are in addition to those in the CBCS syllabus. Some texts/portions

have been changed keeping in view the Course Level Learning Outcomes (CLLO) as well as

global guidelines in the LOCF documents. Stakeholders, as already suggested, may make

amendments in the finalization of the corpus as well as the points raised in the CLLO.

**Unit-I:** 

• The American Myths of Genesis/ The American Dream/ The American Adam

American Romance and the American Novel

• Is *Huck Finn* the Prototypical American Novel?

• Multicultural Literature of the United States; Folklore and the American Novel

• Race and Gender in American Literature

• War and American Fiction

• Two Traditions of American Poetry; Emerson and Poe/Typological and

**Tropological Traditions** 

• Social Realism and the American Novel

• The Questions of Form in American Poetry

**Unit-II:** 

Drama

Arthur Miller: All My Sons

Tennessee Williams: The Glass Menagerie

Unit-III:

**Fiction:** 

Toni Morrison: The Bluest Eye

**Unit-IV:** 

# **Short Fiction and personal narrative**

Edgar Allan Poe 'The Purloined Letter'

Maya Angelou: Selections from I Know Why the Caged Bird Sings (chaps 15

and 16)

William Faulkner 'Dry September'

#### **Unit-V:**

# Poetry:

Anne Bradstreet: 'The Prologue'

Walt Whitman: Selections from Song of Myself (Sections 1 to 5) 'O Captain,

My Captain'

Robert Frost: Two Poems: 'Once by the Pacific' and 'Mending Wall'

Langstan Hughes: 'The Negro Speaks of Rivers'

Alexie Sherman Alexie: 'Crow Testament' and 'Evolution'

# **Suggested Reading:**

Hector St John Crevecouer, 'What is an American', (Letter III) in *Letters from an American Farm*er (Harmondsworth: Penguin, 1982) pp. 66–105.

Frederick Douglass, A *Narrative of the life of Frederick Douglass* (Harmondsworth: Penguin, 1982) chaps. 1–7, pp. 47–87.

Henry David Thoreau, 'Battle of the Ants' excerpt from 'Brute Neighbours', in Walden (Oxford: OUP, 1997) chap. 12.

Ralph Waldo Emerson, 'Self Reliance', in *The Selected Writings of Ralph Waldo Emerson*, ed. with a biographical introduction by Brooks Atkinson (New York: The Modern Library, 1964).

Toni Morrison, 'Romancing the Shadow', in *Playing in the Dark: Whiteness and Literary Imagination* (London: Picador, 1993) pp. 29–39.

#### C-6/PAPER 6: POPULAR LITERATURE (PL)

# **Course Level Learning Outcomes**

Some of the course learning outcomes that students of this course are required to demonstrate run thus:

- trace the early history of print culture in England and the emergence of genre fiction and best sellers
- engage with debates on high and low culture, canonical and non-canonical literature
- articulate the characteristics of various genres of non-literary fiction
- investigate the role of popular fiction in the literary polysystem of various linguistic cultures
- demonstrate how popular literature belongs to its time
- Use various methods of literary analysis to interpret popular literature

#### **Course Content**

#### Unit-I:

- Coming of Age
- The Canonical and the Popular
- Ethics and Education in Children's Literature
- Sense and Nonsense
- The Graphic Novel
- The Popular and the Market

#### **Unit-II:**

#### Children's Literature

Lewis Carroll, *Through the Looking Glass*Sukumar Ray, Two Poems: "The Sons of Ramgaroo", and "Khichudi"

# Unit-III:

#### **Detective Fiction**

Agatha Christie: The Murder of Roger Ackroyd

# Romance/Chick Lit

Daphne du Maurier, Rebecca

# **Unit-IV:**

# **Graphic Fiction**

Vishwajyoti Ghosh, This Side That Side: Restorying Partition

# **Unit-V:**

# **Science Fiction**

Isaac Asimov: "Nightfall"

# **Suggested Readings**

Leslie Fiedler, 'Towards a Definition of Popular Literature', in *Super Culture: American Popular Culture and Europe*, ed. C.W.E. Bigsby

Felicity Hughes, 'Children's Literature: Theory and Practice', *English Literary History*, vol. 45, 1978,

Christopher Pawling, 'Popular Fiction: Ideology or Utopia?' in *Popular Fiction and Social Change*, ed. Christopher Pawling

Tzevetan Todorov, 'The Typology of Detective Fiction', in The Poetics of Prose

Darco Suvin, 'On Teaching SF Critically', in *Positions and Presuppositions in Science Fiction* 

Janice Radway. 'The Institutional Matrix, Publishing Romantic Fiction', in *Reading the Romance: Women, Patriarchy, and Popular Literature* 

Edmund Wilson, 'Who Cares Who Killed Roger Ackroyd?', The New Yorker, 20 June 1945.

Hilllary Chute, "Comics as Literature? Reading Graphic Narrative', PMLA 123(2)

C-7/PAPER 7: BRITISH POETRY AND DRAMA: 17TH AND 18TH CENTURIES (**BPD-2**)

**Course Level Learning Outcomes** 

Some of the course learning outcomes that students of this course are required to demonstrate

run thus:

• identify the major characteristics of the Comedy of Manners and Mock-Heroic poetry

demonstrate in-depth knowledge and understanding of the religious, socio-intellectual

and cultural thoughts of the 17<sup>th</sup> and 18<sup>th</sup> centuries

• examine critically keys themes in representative texts of the period, including Sin,

Transgression, Love, Pride, revenge, sexuality, human follies, among others

show their appreciation of texts in terms of plot-construction, socio-cultural contexts

and genre of poetry and drama

analyze literary devices forms and techniques in order to appreciate and interpret the

texts

**Course Content:** 

Unit-I:

• Religious and Secular Thought in the 17th Century

• Changing Images of the Human Being in the Literature of the Period

The Stage, the State and the Market

• The Mock-epic and Satire

• Women in the 17th Century

• The Comedy of Manners

Unit-II:

John Milton: Paradise Lost: Book 1

**Unit-III:** 

John Webster: The Duchess of Malfi

**Unit-IV:** 

Aphra Behn: The Rover

Unit-V:

Alexander Pope: The Rape of the Lock

# **Suggested Readings**

The Holy Bible, *Genesis*, chaps. 1–4, *The Gospel according to St. Luke*, chaps. 1–7 and 22–4.

Niccolo Machiavelli, *The Prince*, ed. and tr. Robert M. Adams (New York: Norton, 1992) chaps. 15, 16, 18, and 25.

Thomas Hobbes, selections from *The Leviathan*, pt. I (New York: Norton, 2006) chaps. 8, 11, and 13.

John Dryden, 'A Discourse Concerning the Origin and Progress of Satire', in *The Norton Anthology of English Literature*, vol. 1, 9th edn, ed. Stephen Greenblatt (New York: Norton 2012) pp. 1767–8.

# C-8/PAPER 8: BRITISH LITERATURE 18<sup>TH</sup> CENTURY (BL-1)

# **Course Level Learning Outcomes**

Some of the course learning outcomes that students of this course are required to demonstrate run thus:

- explain and analyze the rise of the critical mind
- trace the development of Restoration Comedy and anti-sentimental drama
- examine and analyze the form and function of satire in the eighteenth century
- appreciate and analyze the formal variations of Classicism
- map the relationship between the formal and the political in the literature of the neoclassical period

#### **Course Content**

#### Unit-I:

- The Enlightenment and Neoclassicism
- Restoration Comedy
- The Country and the City
- The Novel and the Periodical Press
- The Self-Conscious Art Form

#### **Unit-II:**

William Congreve: The Way of the World

# **Unit-III:**

Jonathan Swift *Gulliver's Travels* (Books III and IV)

#### **Unit-IV:**

Samuel Johnson: 'London'

Thomas Gray 'Elegy Written in a Country Churchyard'

# **Unit-V:**

Laurence Sterne: The Life and Opinions of Tristram Shandy, Gentleman

# **Suggested Reading:**

Jeremy Collier, A *Short View of the Immorality and Profaneness of the English Stage* (London: Routledge, 1996).

Daniel Defoe, 'The Complete English Tradesman' (Letter XXII), 'The Great Law of Subordination Considered' (Letter IV), and 'The Complete English Gentleman', in *Literature* 

and Social Order in Eighteenth-Century England, ed. Stephen Copley (London: Croom Helm, 1984).

Samuel Johnson, 'Essay 156', in *The Rambler*, in *Selected Writings: Samuel Johnson*, ed. Peter Martin (Cambridge, Mass.: Harvard University Press, 2009) pp. 194–7; *Rasselas* Chapter 10; 'Pope's Intellectual Character: Pope and Dryden Compared', from *The Life of Pope*, in *The Norton Anthology of English Literature*, vol. 1, ed. Stephen Greenblatt, 8th edn (New York: Norton, 2006) pp. 2693–4, 2774–7.

#### C-9/PAPER 9: BRITISH ROMANTIC LITERATURE (BRL)

# **Course Level Learning Outcomes**

Some of the course learning outcomes that students of this course are required to demonstrate run thus:

- understand Romanticism as a concept in relation to ancillary concepts like Classicism
- understand the Romantic period in English literature in terms of its social, philosophical, intellectual, literary backgrounds including German and French influences
- analyze and understand the main characteristics of Romanticism
- appreciate the canonical and representative poems and prose of the writers of the Romantic period.
- develop skills of critical analysis and interpretation of selected poems in order to understand the theme, language, style, and elements of prosody.
- appreciate and analyze the sensibility of the British Romantic period: common man, equality, freedom, sense of community and fraternity
- relate Romantic literary texts to other forms of expression such as painting, for instance.

#### **Course Content**

#### **Unit-I:**

- Reason and Imagination
- Conceptions of Nature
- Literature and Revolution
- The Gothic
- The Romantic Lyric

# **Unit-II:**

William Blake 'The Lamb',

'The Chimney Sweeper' (from The Songs of Innocence and The Songs of

Experience)

'The Tyger' (*The Songs of Experience*)

'Introduction' to *The Songs of Innocence* 

Robert Burns 'A Bard's Epitaph'

'Scots Wha Hae'

#### **Unit-III:**

William Wordsworth 'Tintern Abbey'

'Ode: Intimations of Immortality'

Samuel Taylor Coleridge 'Kubla Khan'

'Dejection: An Ode'

# **Unit-IV:**

Lord George Gordon

Noel Byron 'Childe Harold': canto III, verses 36-45

(lines 316–405); canto IV, verses 178–86

(lines 1594–674)

Percy Bysshe Shelley 'Ode to the West Wind'

'Ozymandias'

John Keats 'Ode to a Nightingale'

'To Autumn'

#### **Unit-V**:

Mary Shelley: Frankenstein

#### **Suggested Readings**

William Wordsworth, 'Preface to Lyrical Ballads', in *Romantic Prose and* Poetry, ed. Harold Bloom and Lionel Trilling (New York: OUP, 1973) pp. 594–611.

John Keats, 'Letter to George and Thomas Keats, 21 December 1817', and 'Letter to Richard Woodhouse, 27 October, 1818', in *Romantic Prose and* Poetry, ed. Harold Bloom and Lionel Trilling (New York: OUP, 1973) pp. 766–68, 777–8.

Jean-Jacques Rousseau, 'Preface' to *Emile or Education*, tr. Allan Bloom (Harmondsworth: Penguin, 1991).

Samuel Taylor Coleridge, *Biographia Literaria*, ed. George Watson (London: Everyman, 1993) chap. XIII, pp. 161–66.

# C-10/PAPER 10: BRITISH LITERATURE: 19TH CENTURY (BL-2)

# **Course Level Learning Outcomes**

Some of the course learning outcomes that students of this course are required to demonstrate run thus:

- identify and analyze the socio-economic-political contexts that inform the literature of the period
- comment on the historical and political awareness of literary texts as reflected in the transition from nature to culture across various genres
- understand the conflict between self and society in different literary genres of the period
- link the rise of the novel to the expansion of Colonialism and Capitalism
- understand the transition from Romantic to Victorian in literature and culture
- link the Victorian temper to political contexts in English colonies
- link the changes in the English countryside to changes brought about in similar settings in India

#### **Course Content**

#### Unit-I:

- Utilitarianism
- Colonialism and nineteenth century literature
- The Death of the Village
- The 19th Century Novel
- Marriage and Sexuality
- The Writer and Society
- Faith and Doubt
- The Dramatic Monologue

#### **Unit-II:**

Jane Austen: Pride and Prejudice

# **Unit-III:**

Charlotte Bronte: Jane Eyre

**Unit-IV:** 

Charles Dickens: Hard Times

**Unit-V:** 

Alfred Tennyson: 'The Lady of Shalott' 'Ulysses'

'The Defence of Lucknow'

Robert Browning 'My Last Duchess' 'The

Last Ride Together'

Christina Rossetti: 'The Goblin Market'

# **Selected Readings:**

Karl Marx and Friedrich Engels, 'Mode of Production: The Basis of Social Life', 'The Social Nature of Consciousness', and 'Classes and Ideology', in *A Reader in Marxist Philosophy*, ed. Howard Selsam and Harry Martel (New York: International Publishers, 1963) pp. 186–8, 190–1, 199–201.

Charles Darwin, 'Natural Selection and Sexual Selection', in *The Descent of Man* in *The Norton Anthology of English Literature*, 8th edn, vol. 2, ed. Stephen Greenblatt (New York: Norton, 2006) pp. 1545–9.

John Stuart Mill, *The Subjection of Women* in *Norton Anthology of English* Literature, 8th edn, vol. 2, ed. Stephen Greenblatt (New York: Norton, 2006) chap. 1, pp. 1061–9.

# C-11/PAPER 11: WOMEN'S WRITING (WW)

# **Course Level Learning Outcomes**

Some of the course learning outcomes that students of this course are required to demonstrate run thus:

- recognise the importance of gender specificity in literature
- understand and appreciate the representation of female experience in literature
- explain the difference between the feminine and the feminist as opposed to the female
- examine and appreciate the role played by socio-cultural-economic contexts in defining woman
- link the status of woman to social discrimination and social change
- draw a location specific trajectory of female bonding or empowerment
- to understand the complexity of social and biological constructions of manhood and womanhood
- to examine the relationship of women to work and production

#### **Course Content:**

#### Unit-I:

- The Confessional Mode in Women's Writing
- Sexual/Textual Politics
- Body, Beauty and Discrimination
- Race, Caste and Gender
- Social Reform and Women's Rights
- Women under Colonialism
- Women in and out of Slavery
- Is there a Woman's Language?

#### **Unit-II:**

Emily Dickinson: 'I cannot live with you'

'I'm wife; I've finished that'

Sylvia Plath: 'Daddy'

'Lady Lazarus'

Eunice De Souza: 'Advice to Women'

# **Unit-III:**

Alice Walker: The Color Purple

# **Unit-IV:**

Charlotte Perkins Gilman: 'The Yellow Wallpaper'

Katherine Mansfield: 'Bliss'

Mahashweta Devi: 'Draupadi', tr. Gayatri Chakravorty Spivak (Calcutta:

Seagull, 2002)

# **Unit-V:**

Mary Wollstonecraft A Vindication of the Rights of Woman (New York: Norton, 1988)

chap. 1, pp. 11–19; chap. 2, pp. 19–38.

Ramabai Ranade 'A Testimony of our Inexhaustible Treasures', in *Pandita Ramabai Through Her Own Words: Selected Works*, tr. Meera Kosambi (New Delhi: OUP, 2000) pp. 295–324.

Rassundari Debi Excerpts from Amar Jiban in Susie Tharu and K. Lalita, eds.,

Women's Writing in India, vol. 1 (New Delhi: OUP, 1989) pp. 191-2.

# **Suggested Readings**

Virginia Woolf, A Room of One's Own (New York: Harcourt, 1957) chaps. 1 and 6.

Simone de Beauvoir, 'Introduction', in *The Second Sex*, tr. Constance Borde and Shiela Malovany-Chevallier (London: Vintage, 2010) pp. 3–18.

Kumkum Sangari and Sudesh Vaid, eds., 'Introduction', in *Recasting Women: Essays in Colonial History* (New Delhi: Kali for Women, 1989) pp. 1–25.

Chandra Talapade Mohanty, 'Under Western Eyes: Feminist Scholarship and Colonial Discourses', in *Contemporary Postcolonial Theory: A Reader*, ed. Padmini Mongia (New York: Arnold, 1996) pp. 172–97.

# C-12/PAPER 12: BRITISH LITERATURE: THE EARLY 20TH CENTURY (BL-3)

# **Course Level Learning Outcomes**

Some of the course learning outcomes that students of this course are required to demonstrate run thus:

- trace the history of modernism in the socio-cultural and intellectual contexts of late nineteenth century and early twentieth century Europe
- link and distinguish between modernity and modernism
- explain the links between developments in science and experiments in literature
- explain the history of early twentieth-century modernism in the light of stream of consciousness, Jungian and Freudian ideas, Psychoanalysis, Imagism, Cubism, Vorticism
- identify and analyze the use and modernist technique in different genres in early twentieth century British literature
- trace the history of the self and subjectivity in literature in the light of colonial consciousness
- explain and analyze the idea of from in modernist literary texts from across major genres

# **Course Content:**

# **Unit-I:**

- Modernism, Post-modernism and non-European Cultures
- The Women's Movement in the Early 20th Century
- Psychoanalysis and the Stream of Consciousness
- Literature and the Fear of Disintegration
- The Uses of Myth
- Nation and Narration in Early Twentieth Century Novel
- The Avant Garde

# **Unit-II:**

Joseph Conrad: Heart of Darkness

**Unit-III:** 

D.H. Lawrence: Sons and Lovers

**Unit-IV:** 

Virginia Woolf: Mrs Dalloway

**Unit-V:** 

W.B. Yeats: 'Leda and the Swan'

'The Second Coming'

'Sailing to Byzantium'

T.S. Eliot: 'The Love Song of J. Alfred Prufrock'

'The Hollow Men'

# **Suggested Readings**

Sigmund Freud, 'Theory of Dreams', 'Oedipus Complex', and 'The Structure of the Unconscious', in *The Modern Tradition*, ed. Richard Ellman et. al. (Oxford: OUP, 1965) pp. 571, 578–80, 559–63.

T.S. Eliot, 'Tradition and the Individual Talent', in *Norton Anthology of English Literature*, 8th edn, vol. 2, ed. Stephen Greenblatt (New York: Norton, 2006) pp. 2319–25.

Raymond Williams, 'Introduction', in *The English Novel from Dickens to Lawrence* (London: Hogarth Press, 1984) pp. 9–27.

# C-13/PAPER 13: MODERN EUROPEAN DRAMA (MED)

# **Course Level Learning Outcomes**

Some of the course learning outcomes that students of this course are required to demonstrate run thus:

- understand the role of theatre and drama in the introduction and shaping of modernity
- understand and engage with concepts like realism, naturalism, symbolism, expressionism, the Avant Garde, the epic theatre, the theatre of the absurd, etc.
- understand how meaning is created in theatre and be able to write about innovations introduced into theatrical practice in the late nineteenth and the twentieth century

# **Course Content**

#### Unit-I:

- Politics, Social Change and the Stage
- Text and Performance
- European Drama: Realism and Beyond
- Tragedy and Heroism in Modern European Drama
- The Theatre of the Absurd
- The Role of the Director
- The Role of the free theatres

# **Unit-II:**

Henrik Ibsen: A Doll's House

**Unit-III:** 

Bertolt Brecht: The Good Woman of Szechuan

**Unit-IV:** 

Samuel Beckett: Waiting for Godot

**Unit-V:** 

Eugene Ionesco: Rhinoceros

# **Suggested Readings**

Constantin Stanislavski, chap. 8, 'Faith and the Sense of Truth', In *An Actor Prepares*, tr. Elizabeth Reynolds Hapgood (Harmondsworth: Penguin, 1967) sections 1, 2, 7, 8, 9, pp. 121–5, 137–46.

Bertolt Brecht, 'The Street Scene', 'Theatre for Pleasure or Theatre for Instruction', and 'Dramatic Theatre vs Epic Theatre', in *Brecht on Theatre: The Development of an Aesthetic*, ed. and tr. John Willet (London: Methuen, 1992) pp. 68–76, 121–8.

George Steiner, 'On Modern Tragedy', in *The Death of Tragedy* (London: Faber, 1995) pp. 303-24.

C-14/PAPER 14: POSTCOLONIAL LITERATURES (PCL)

**Course Level Learning Outcomes** 

Some of the course learning outcomes that students of this course are required to demonstrate

run thus:

understand the social-historical-political-economic contexts of colonialism and

postcolonialism in India and other countries affected by colonial rule

• understand the scope of postcolonial literatures in India and elsewhere, primarily as a

response to the long shadow of colonialism, not just of colonial occupation

see through a corpus of representative postcolonial texts from different colonial

locations: the effects of colonial rule on the language, culture, economy and habitat of

specific groups of people affected by it

• appreciate and analyze the growing spectres of inequality arising out of colonial

occupation and the role played by postcolonial literatures to resist it in India and

similar locations

critically engage with issues of racism and imperialism during and after colonial

occupation

• appreciate the changing role and status of English in postcolonial literatures

link colonialism to modernity

**Course Contents** 

Unit-I:

Nationalism and Nationality

• De-colonization, Globalization and Literature

Race, Region, Religion

Women and Postcolonialism/Gender and Identity

• English and Bhasha: The Languages of Postcolonialism

Postcolonial Literatures and Questions of Ethics

Postcolonialism and Resistance

• Literature and Identity Politics

Writing for the New World Audience

**Unit-II:** 

**Fiction** 

Chinua Achebe: Things Fall Apart

Unit-III:

Gabriel Garcia Marquez: Chronicle of a Death Foretold

# **Unit-IV:**

# **Short Fiction**

Bessie Head: 'The Collector of Treasures'

Ama Ata Aidoo: 'The Girl who can'

Grace Ogot: 'The Green Leaves'

# Poetry:

Derek Walcott: 'A Far Cry from Africa'

Okot p'Bitek: 'My Husband'

David Malouf: 'Revolving Days', 'Wild Lemons'

Mamang Dai: 'Small Towns and the River'

Pablo Neruda: 'Tonight I can Write'

#### **Unit-V:**

Easterine Kire: A Terrible Matriarchy

# **Suggested Readings**

Franz Fanon, 'The Negro and Language', in *Black Skin, White Masks*, tr. Charles Lam Markmann (London: Pluto Press, 2008) pp. 8–27.

Ngugi wa Thiong'o, 'The Language of African Literature', in *Decolonising the Mind* (London: James Curry, 1986) chap. 1, sections 4–6.

Gabriel Garcia Marquez, the Nobel Prize Acceptance Speech, in *Gabriel Garcia Marquez:* New Readings, ed. Bernard McGuirk and Richard Cardwell (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1987).

# C-15/ PAPER 15: LITERARY THEORY (LT)

# **Course Level Learning Outcomes**

Some of the course learning outcomes that students of this course are required to demonstrate run thus:

- have a historical overview of major literary theorists, particularly of the 20<sup>th</sup> century
- show an understanding of historical and philosophical contexts that led to the development of literary theory and its practices
- develop awareness of various literary theories and the way they enrich and change our thinking about language, literature and society
- historically situate literary theorists whose works had informed and shaped various literary theoretical discourses
- identify theoretical concepts with theorists and movements with which they are associated and in the process understand their contexts
- apply various theoretical frameworks and concepts to literary and cultural texts
- evaluate and analyze strengths and limitations of theoretical frameworks and arguments
- sharpen interpretative skills in the light of various theoretical frameworks

# **Course Content**

#### **Unit-I:**

# **Background Study:**

The East and the West Questions of Alterity Power, Language and Representation The State and Culture

Module I

Literary Theory: An Introduction

Module II

New Criticism and Russian Formalism Unit-II:

Module II

ReaderResponse
Module IV
Marxism
Module V
Psychoanalytic theory
Unit-III:
Module VI
Structuralism
Module VII
Poststructuralism
Module VIII
New Historicism
Unit-IV:
Module IX
Postcolonialism
Module X
Feminism
Unit-V
Module XI
Black and Dalit Aesthetics/ Subaltern Studies
Module XII
Theory Now
Suggested Readings

David Lodge and Nigel Wood, *Modern Criticism and Theory: A Reader*: London & New York: Routledge, 2000.

Peter Barry Beginning, Theory: An Introduction to Literary and Cultural Theory.

Manchester: Manchester University Press, 1984.

Raman Selden, et al. A Reader's Guide to Contemporary Literary Theory. Kentucy:

University Press of Kentucky, 1993.

Terry Eagleton, Literary Theory: An Introduction. NJ: Wiley Blackwell, 2009

#### C-16/PAPER 16: LITERARY CRITICISM (LC)

# **Course Level Learning Outcomes**

Some of the course learning outcomes that students of this course are required to demonstrate run thus:

- understand the historical and philosophical contexts that led to the development of literary criticism and its practice in different traditions and periods
- learners will be able to understand fundamental literary and critical concepts and underlying distinctions amongst them (e.g.., difference between literary criticism and literary theory)
- learners will be able to grasp a wide range of literary philosophers and critics whose works had informed and shaped the discourse of literary theory
- learners will have knowledge about major, critical movements and critics in various critical traditions Indian(schools of *Rasa, Alamkar, Riti, Dhwani, Vakroti, Auchitya*) and Western (Greek, Roman, English, German, Russian and French)
- learners will be able to identify theoretical and critical concepts with critics/texts/movements with which they are associated and understand them in their contexts
- learners will be able to apply various theoretical frameworks and concepts to literary and cultural texts
- learners will be able to evaluate and analyze strengths and limitations of critical/theoretical frameworks and arguments
- learners will be able to strengthen and deepen their interpretative skills

#### **Course Content**

# **Background Study:**

Summarizing and Critiquing
Point of View
Reading and Interpreting
Media Criticism
Plot and setting
Citing from Critics' Interpretations

Unit-I: Schools of Indian Literary Theory: Rasa, Alamkar, Riti, Dhvani, Vakroti, Auchitya

**Unit-II**: Aristotle (from *Poetics*)

**Unit-III:** 

Longinus: Excerpts from 'On the Sublime'

Christopher Caudwell Excerpts (from Illusion and Reality)

Unit-IV: I.A. Richards: Excerpts from Practical Criticism

**Unit-V**:

Victor Shklovsky (from 'Art as Technique')

T.S. Eliot from 'The Use of Poetry and the Use of Criticism'

Northrop Frye (from *The Anatomy of Criticism*)

# **Suggested Readings**

A.H. Gilbert, Literary Criticism: Plato to Dryden. Detroit: Wayne University Press, 1962.

David Lodge and Nigel Wood, *Modern Criticism and Theory: A Reader*: London & New York: Routledge, 2000.

Peter Barry Beginning, Theory: An Introduction to Literary and Cultural Theory.

Manchester: Manchester University Press, 1984.

Raman Selden, et al. *A Reader's Guide to Contemporary Literary Theory*. Kentucy: University Press of Kentucky, 1993.

S.K. Dey, History of Poetics. New Delhi: MLBS, 1960.

Terry Eagleton, Literary Theory: An Introduction. NJ: Wiley Blackwell, 2009

#### C-17/PAPER 17: WORLD LITERATURES (WL)

# **Course Level Learning Outcomes**

Some of the course learning outcomes that students of this course are required to demonstrate run thus:

- explain the concept of World Literature and its evolution in relation to other related concepts e.g. national literature, general literature, comparative literature and *Vishwa Sahitya*.
- appreciate the connectedness and diversity of human experiences and literary responses to them in different parts of the world.
- analyze and appreciate literary texts from different parts of the world and receive them in the light of one's own literary traditions.
- analyze and interpret literary texts in their contexts and locate them.

#### **Course Content:**

#### Unit-I:

The Idea of World Literature
Memory, Displacement and Diaspora
Hybridity, Race and Culture
Adult Reception of Children's Literature
Literary Translation and the Circulation of Literary Texts
Aesthetics and Politics in Poetry
Unit-II:

Albert Camus: The Stranger

Anton Chekov: The Cherry Orchard

**Unit-III:** 

Pablo Neruda: Select Poems (Ars Poetica", "Walking Around", "There is no forgetting")

**Unit-IV:** 

Rainer M Rilke: Duino Elegies,

**Unit-V:** 

Gabriel Garcia Marquez: The General in the Labyrinth

Naguib Mafouz: Palace Walk or Palace of Desire (from the Cairo trilogy)

# **Background Reading:**

Rabindranath Tagore, Vishwa Sahitya, Sarkar & Sons, 1993.

David Damrosch, How to Read World Literature, Wiley Blackwell, 2002.

Lillian Herlands Hornhtin, *The Reader's Companion to World Literature*, Penguin, 2002.

Frank Magil, Masterpieces of World Literature, Collins Reference, 1991.

# UGC Document on LOCF English

# C-18/ PAPER-18-PROSE: ELIZABETHAN TO MODERN PERIOD

(PEM)

**Unit-I:** Francis Bacon: "Of Truth", "Of Revenge", "Of Marriage and Single Life", "Of Friendship", "Of Studies".

**Unit-II:** John Bunyan : *The Pilgrim's Progress* and Joseph Addison:"The Coverly Papers" from *The Spectator* 

Unit-III: Charles lamb : Essays of Elia: "The South-sea House", "Oxford in the Vacation", "Christ's Hospital – Five and

Thirty Years Ago".

Unit-IV: Matthew Arnold: Culture and Anarchy: "Sweetness and Light", "Barbarians, Philistines and

Populance",

"Hellenism and Hebraism"

**Unit-V**: Aldous Huxley : *Music at Night*: "Tragedy and the Whole Truth", "Art and the Obvious", "Beliefs and

Actions".

# Reading List

B.W. Vickers, Francis Bacon, London, 1978.

C. Dawson & J. Pfordsheimer, eds., Arnold: Prose Writings: The Critical Heritage, London, 1979.

Casebook Series: Bunyan: The Pilgrim's Progress, ed., Roger Sharrock, Macmillan.

D. Kay, Short Fiction in 'The Spectator', Alabama, 1975.

D. Watt, ed., Aldous Huxley: The Critical Heritage, 1975.

F.V. Randel, The World of Elia: Charles lamb's Essayistic Romanticism, London, 1975.

Francis Bacon, Selected Works, ed., A. Johnston, London, 1965.

G.L. Babarnett, Charles Lamb: The Evolution of Elia, Bloomington, 1964.

H. Talon, John Bunyan: The Man and His Works, London, 1951.

J. Atkins, Aldous Huxley: A Literary Study, 1956.

John Bunyan, The Pilgrim's Progress, ed. J.B.Wharen, Oxford, 1960.

K.R. Wallace, Francis Bacon on the Nature of Man, London, 1967.

L. Trilling, Matthew Arnold, N.Y., 1963.

L.A.Elioseff, The Cultural Milieu of Addision's Literary Criticism, Austin, 1963.

R. Sharrock, John Bunyan, London, 1968.

Readings in Literary Criticism: Critics on Matthew Arnold, ed., Jacqueline Latham, George Allen & Unwin Ltd.

#### C-19/ PAPER 19: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY (RM)

# **Course Level Learning Outcomes**

Some of the course learning outcomes that students of this course are required to demonstrate run thus:

- Develop a simple questionnaire to elicit specific information.
- Collect data based on a survey and arrive at inferences using a small sample
- Discuss and draft a plan for carrying out a piece of work systematically
- Refer to authentic sources of information and document the same properly.
- Provide proper explanation for technical terms in simple language.

# **Course Content**

- a. Basic concept of research and the terminology involved
- b. Basic types of research
- c. Basic tools of research

#### Unit-II:

- d. Reference skills including skills to use dictionaries, encyclopedias, library catalogues, and net resources.
- e. Stating and defending a research proposal

#### **Unit-III:**

- f. conceptualizing and drafting a research proposal
- g. parts of research proposal

# **Unit-IV:**

h. writing a research paper

# **Unit-V:**

- i. Style manuals
- j. Notes, references and bibliography
- k. research and ethics: documentation and plagiarism

# **Suggested Readings**

APA Handbook, 7th Edition, 2020

Kumar, Ranjit. (2012) Research Methodology: A Step-by-Step Guide for Beginners. New Delhi, Vikas.

MLA Handbook, 9th Edition, 2021

Manuals of style (MLA Style Sheet, APA Style Sheet, Chicago Style Manual etc)

Wallace, Michael. (2004). Study Skills. Cambridge: CUP

#### C-20/ SHAKESPEARE (SHAK)

Unit-I: King Lear Unit-II: Hamlet

Unit-III: Measure for Measure

**Unit-IV**: As You Like it **Unit-V**: The Tempest

# Reading List

A.C. Bradley, Shakespearean Tragedy, 1964.

A.D. Nuttall, Two Concepts of Allegory: 'The Tempest Lear, ed., D. J. Palmer, Macmillan.

Casebook Series: Shakespeare: Hamlet, ed., John Jump, Macmillan.

Casebook Series: Shakespeare: *Henry IV Part I & II*, ed., G.K. Hunter, Macmilla. Casebook Series: Shakespeare: *King Lear*, ed., Frank Kermode, Macmillan. Casebook Series: Shakespeare: *Measure for Measure*, ed., C.K. Stead, Macmillan.

Casebook Series: Shakespeare: Much Ado About Nothing & As You Like It, ed., Jennifer Searle, Macmillan.

# UGC Document on LOCF English

D.P. Young, The Heart's Forest: A Study of Shakespeare's Pastoral Plays, New Haven, 1972.

E. Posser, Hamlet and Revenge. 1971.

E. Tillyard, Shakespeare's History Plays, Penguin, 1962.

F.E. Halliday, A Shakespeare Companion, Penguin, 1964.

H. Felperin, Shakespearean Romance, Princeton, N.J., 1973.

Harbage, ed., The Complete Pelican Shakespeare. 1969.

J.D. Wilson, What happens in 'Hamlet', Cambridge, 1951.

L.C. Knights, 'Hamlet' and other Shakespearean Essays, 1980.

N. Brooke, Shakespeare: King Lear. 1963.

P. Jorgensen, Lear's Self-discovery, Berkeley.1967.

R. Berry, Shakespeare's Comedies: Explorations in Form, Princeton, 1972.

Ridler, ed., Shakespeare Criticism, 1961.

# C-21/ STUDY OF A PERIOD/SOP

**Unit-I:Ted Hughes** : "The Hawk in the Rain", "The Jaguar", "Wind", "Hawk Roosting", "Pike", "Theology",

"Snowdrop".

Hart Crane : "To Brooklyn Bridge", "Ave Maria", "Powhatan's Daughter", "Atlantis" (from The

Bridge)

Sarojini Naidu :"Village Song", "Awake", "Summer Woods", "The Soul's Prayer", "The Bird

Sanctuary",

"If You Call Me".

Unit-II: Henry James : Washington Square
Unit-III: Kafka : The Metamorphosis

**Unit-IV: Jhumpa Lahiri :** The Interpreter of Maladies (1999)

**Unit-V: B.K. Bhattacharya:** Love in the Time of Insurgency (1960)

Ratan Thiyam: Chakravyuha(1984)

Easterine Kire: When the River Sleeps (2014)

Reading List:

Das, N. editor. Jhumpa Lahiri: Critical Perspectives, Pencraft, 2008.

---. editor. Dynamics of Culture and Diaspor in Jhumpa Lahiri. Adhyayan Publishers, 2010.

---. editor. . *Matrix of Redemption: Contemporary Multi-Ethnic English Literature from North East India*. Adhyayan Publishers, 2011.

Dwivedi, A.N. Sarojini Naidu and her Poetry. Kitab Mahal, 1981.

Edward Wagenknecht. The Novels of Henry James, 1983.

Gifford, Terry. Ted Hughes. Taylor & Francis, 2009.

Gupta, Rameshwar. Sarojini, the Poetess. Doaba, 1986.

Hamalian, Leo. Franz Kafka: A Collection of Criticism, McGraw Hill, 1974.

Herman, Barbara." The Language of Hart Crane." The Sewanee Review 58, 1950.

Lewis, R.W.B. The Poetry of Hart Crane: A Critical Study. Princeton UP, 1967.

Mishra, L.N. The Poetry of Sarojini Naidu. B.R. Publishing Corporation, 1995.

Nityanandam, Indira. Jhumpa Lahiri: The Tale of the Diaspora. Creative Books, 2005.

Powers, Lyall H. Henry James: An Introduction and Interpretation. Holt, Rinehart and Winston. 1976.

Rajyalakshmi, PV. *The Lyric Spring: The Poetic Achievement of Sarojini Naidu*, Abhinav Publications, 1977.

Sagar, Keith. The Art of Ted Hughes. CambridgeUP, 1978.

---. (ed). The Achievement of Ted Hughes. Manchester UP, 1983.

----(ed) The Challenge of Ted Hughes, Macmillan, 1994.

Sengupta, Padmini. Sarojini Naidu. Sahitya Akademi, 1974.

Shwartz, Joseph. Hart Crane: A Reference Guide . G.K. Hall & Co. 1983.

Tilak, Raghukul. Sarojini Naidu: Poems. Rama Brothers, 1990.

Varshney, R.L. Sarojini Naidu: Selected Poems. LNA, nd.

# UGC Document on LOCF English

### C-22/ Multiethnic Literature in English from Northeast India (MELENI)

Unit-I: Robin Ngangom: Desire of Roots & Temsula Ao: Songs from the Other Life.

Unit-II: Mamang Dai: Legends of Pensam and Black Hill

Unit-III: Mitra Phukan: The Collector's Wife

Unit-IV: Easterine Kire: A Naga Village Remembered

Unit-V: Prajwal Parajuly: The Gurkha's Daughter & Binodini's The Princess and the Political Agent

#### **Reading List:**

Bona, Mary Jo and Maini, Irma. (2006). *Multiethnic Literature and Canon Debates*. State University of New York P

Das, N. editor. *Matrix of Redemption: Contemporary Multi-Ethnic English Literature from North East India*. Adhyayan Publishers, 2011.

Swami, Indu editor. Exploring North East Indian English Writings, Vol.-I, Sarup & Sons, 2011.

---. editor. Exploring North East Indian English Writings, Vol.-II. Sarup & Sons, 2012.

# C-23/21st CENTURY LITERATURE IN ENGLISH (TCLE)

Unit-I: Milan Kundera: The art of the novel, Faber & Faber, 2020

Unit-II: Gabriel Garcia Marquez- Eyes of a Blue Dog, Blackstone Publishing, 2022

Unit-III: Haruki Murakami: After Dark, Vintage, 2008

Unit-IV: Mamang Dai: *Escaping Land*, Speaking Tiger, 2021 Unit-V: Easterine Kire: *Journey of the Stone*, Barkweaver, 2021

Lockdown Literature from Mizoram. Ed. M. Pachau, Writers Workshop, 2020. (Poetry

Section)

#### Reading List:

Armstrong, Susan J. (1993). *Environmental Ethics: Divergence and Convergence*. Mc-Graw Hill, Inc. Bartels, Anke et al. (2019). *Postcolonial Literatures in English: An Introduction*. J.B. Metzler Bona, Mary Jo and Maini, Irma. (2006). *Multiethnic Literature and Canon Debates*. State University of New York P.

Butler, Judith. (2004). Undoing Gender. Routledge

Curry, Patrick. (2011). Ecological Ethics: An Introduction. Polity

# **Skill Enhancement Electives**

# 1. SEC 1: Basic English Communication Skills

- a. Grammar
- b. Listening and Speaking
- c. Basics of Reading
- d. Basics of Writing

# 2. SEC 2: Advanced English Communication Skills

- a. Advanced Reading
- b. Advanced Writing
- c. Principles of communication and communicative competence
- d. Cross Cultural Communication

# SEC Course 1: Basic English Communication Skills Course

#### **Statement**

The aim of this course is to help students become familiar with nuances of grammar, and build confidence in them that grammar is 'learnable'. The course also helps the learners become aware of language, its dependence on grammar and the variety it exhibits. This course will be offered under four headings as given below:

- a. Grammar
- b. Listening and Speaking
- c. Basics of Reading
- d. Basics of Writing

# **Course Level Learning Outcomes**

Some of the course learning outcomes that learners of this course are required to demonstrate runs thus:

- Identify deviant use of English both in written and spoken forms
- Recognize the errors of usage and correct them
- Recognize their own ability to improve their own competence in using the language
- Understand and appreciate English spoken by people from different regions
- Use language for speaking with confidence in an intelligible and acceptable manner
- Understand the importance of reading for life
- Develop an interest for reading
- Read independently unfamiliar texts with comprehension
- Understand the importance of writing in academic life
- Write simple sentences without committing errors of spelling and grammar

# **Course Content**

# Unit-I:

- i. Major basic grammatical categories
- ii. Notion of correctness and attitude to error correction

#### Unit-II:

- iii. Importance of listening skills
- iv. Problems of listening to unfamiliar dialects

#### **Unit-III:**

- v. Aspects of pronunciation and fluency in speaking
- vi. Intelligibility in speaking
- vii. Introduction to reading skills

viii. Introducing different types of texts – narrative, descriptive, extrapolative

# **Unit-IV:**

- ix. Introduction to writing skills
- x. Aspects of cohesion and coherence

#### **Unit-V:**

- xi. Expanding a given sentence without affecting the structure
- xii. Reorganizing jumbled sentences into a coherent paragraph
- xiii. Drafting different types of letters (personal notes, notices, complaints, appreciation, conveying sympathies etc.)

# **Suggested Reading**

- 1. Acevedo and Gower M (1999) Reading and Writing Skills. London, Longman
- 2. Deuter, Met.al. (2015). Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary of English (Ninth Edition). New Delhi, OUP
- 3. Eastwood, John (2008). Oxford Practice Grammar. Oxford, OUP.
- 4. Editorial Board. (2012) *Prosaic Musings-Nagaland University Anthology of Prose, Short Stories and Writing Skills.* New Delhi: Trinity.
- Editorial Board. (2012). Wings of Poesy: Nagaland University Anthology of Poetry. Macmillan/Trinity.
- 6. Hadefield, Chris and J Hadefield (2008). Reading Games. London, Longman
- 7. Hedge, T (2005). Writing. Oxford, OUP
- 8. Jolly, David (1984). Writing Tasks: Stuidents' Book. Cambridge, CUP
- 9. Klippel and Swan (1984). Keep Talking. Oxford, OUP
- 10. Saraswati, V (2005). Organized Writing 1. Hyderabad, Orient Blackswan
- 11. Swan, Michael. (1980). Practical English Usage. Oxford, OUP
- 12. Walter and Swan (1997). How English Works. Oxford, OUP

## SEC COURSE 2: ADVANCED ENGLISH COMMUNICATION SKILLS

#### **Course Statement**

The course has a focus on helping learners develop their skills of Reading, Writing and communication skills. It builds their competence further in Reading and Writing to facilitate their academic pursuits. Further, it also builds their ability to communicate effectively with a wider range of people especially for professional purposes. The learner is made aware of all aspects of effective communication and skills required for acquiring as well as conveying information. The course will be offered under four headings as given below:

- a. Advanced Reading
- b. Advanced Writing
- c. Principles of communication and communicative competence
- d. Cross Cultural Communication

# **Course Level Learning Outcomes**

Some of the course learning outcomes that learners of this course are required to demonstrate runs thus:

- Read and understand longer pieces of discourse independently
- Read and compare two texts for evaluating them
- Summarise a text for the benefit of peers orally or in writing
- Read and re-narrate a piece of text either orally or in writing
- Plan a piece of writing before drafting brainstorming and developing webcharts/flow-diagrams/outlines
- Edit a piece of self and peer writing
- Writing and revising the drafts
- Write a review of a text read for academic purpose or pleasure
- Understand the purpose and process of communication
- Identify and overcome barriers of communication
- Understand and appreciate the social norms of communication
- Understand and appreciate the principle of politeness in relation to the speaker/listener

## **Course Content**

#### Unit-I:

- i. Reading texts of different genres and of varying length
- ii. Different strategies of comprehension
- iii. Reading and interpreting non-linguistic texts
- iv. Reading and understanding incomplete texts (Cloze of varying lengths and gaps; distorted texts.)

## **Unit-II:**

- v. Analyzing a topic for an essay or a report
- vi. Editing the drafts arrived at and preparing the final draft
- vii. Re-draft a piece of text with a different perspective (Manipulation exercise)

#### **Unit-III:**

- viii. Summarize a piece of prose or poetry
- ix. Using phrases, idioms and punctuation appropriately

#### Unit-IV:

- x. Introduction to communication principles and process
- xi. Types of communication verbal and non-verbal
- xii. Identifying and overcoming problems of communication

## **Unit-V:**

- xiii. Communicative competence
- xiv. Cross-cultural communication

# **Suggested Readings:**

- 1) Bailey, Stephen (2003). Academic Writing. London and New York, Routledge.
- 2) Department of English, Delhi University (2006). *Fluency in English Part II*. New Delhi, OUP.
- 3) Editorial Board. (2012) Prosaic Musings-Nagaland University Anthology of Prose, Short Stories and Writing Skills. New Delhi: Trinity.
- 4) Editorial Board. (2012). Wings of Poesy: Nagaland University Anthology of Poetry. Macmillan/Trinity.
- 5) Grellet, F (1981). Developing Reading Skills: A Practical Guide to Reading Skills. New York, CUP
- 6) Hedge, T. (2005). Writing. London, OUP
- 7) Kumar, S and Pushp Lata (2015). Communication Skills. New Delhi, OUP
- 8) Lazar, G. (2010). Literature and Language Teaching. Cambridge, CUP

- 9) Nuttall, C (1996). Teaching Reading Skills in a Foreign Language. London, Macmillan
- 10) Raman, Meenakshi and Sangeeta Sharma (2011). *Technical Communication: Principles and Practice.* New Delhi, OUP.

# ABILITY ENHANCEMENT COMPULSORY COURSE:

# **ENGLISH-1:**

# **English Communication (Compulsory)**

**Unit-I**: Types and modes of Communication.

# Unit-II: Language of Communication & Speaking Skills

- -Verbal and Non-Verbal (Spoken and Written)
- -Personal, Social and Business
- -Barriers and Strategies
- -Intra Personal, Inter Personal and Group Communication.
- -Monologue
- -Dialogue
- -Group Discussion
- -Effective Communication/Mis-communication
- -Interview
- -Public Speech

## **Unit-III:** Reading and Understanding & Writing Skills

- -Close Reading
- -Comprehension
- -Summary Paraphrasing
- -Analysis and Interpretation
- -Literary/Knowledge Texts.
- -Documenting
- -Report Writing
- -Making Notes
- -Letter Writing

# **Suggested Reading:**

1. English Communication: R. Vasanthan, Global Net Publication

#### **COURSE 2: ENGLISH-2-**

# **Course Level Learning Outcomes**

Some of the learning outcomes that students of this course are required to demonstrate run thus:

- understand English literary cultures from the Renaissance to the present
- develop an understanding of different forms and types of British Literature through exposure to texts that highlight both compliance and contest to tradition
- appreciate and analyze the texts in the larger socio-political and religious contexts of the time
- demonstrate an awareness of nuances of the English language and its varieties
- extend the knowledge of life in literature (say of animals, environment, gender, politics, nationalities, personal and ideological differences) to life and living situations

## **Unit-I:**

#### Poetry

- 1. William Wordsworth, "The Solitary Reaper"
- 2. John Keats "La Belle Dame sans Merci"
- 3. W B Yeats, "Sailing to Byzantium"
- 4. Unit-II: Drama & Fiction

G B Shaw: Arms and the Man

George Orwell, Animal Farm

## **Unit-III: Non-Fictional Prose & Composition**

Orwell, "Shooting an Elephant"

Precis writing, Comprehension passages, etc

# **Suggested Readings**

- 1. Wings of Poesy, Trinity, 2012.
- 2. Prosaic Musings-Nagaland University Anthology of Prose, Short Stories and Writing Skills. Trinity, 2012

# MIL-I: MIL-Alternative English-I:

# **Course Level Learning Outcomes**

Some of the course learning outcomes that learners of this course, Modern Indian Literature, are required to:

- Demonstrate the ability to read literary texts in terms of genre and contexts.
- engage with and write cogently on issues specific to modern India and to local realities
- critically appreciate the use of English in India

# **Suggested Course Content:**

# **Unit-I: Background Study**

- Role of English in India
- The construction and politics of Gender in India
- The role of community, religion and caste
- Representing conflict and resistance

Unit-I: Poetry: i. Kamala Das, "An Introduction"

ii. Nisssim Ezekiel, "Background,

Casually"

iii.Temsula Ao, "The Old Story Teller"

Unit-II: Novel: Arup Kumar Datta, Kaziranga Trails

# **Suggested Readings**

Wings of Poesy & Prosaic Musings, Trinity

# COURSE 4: MIL-2: MIL-Alternative English -2

# **Course Level Learning Outcomes**

Some of the course learning outcomes that learners of this course, New Literatures in English, are required to demonstrate runs thus:

- show familiarity with the emergent body of literature being produced by writers from South Africa, Caribbean, South Asia, Australia and Canada and its socio-politicalcultural contexts
- demonstrate ability to show an understanding of cultural exchange processes
  as represented through literature will have knowledge about the prominent concepts
  in this body of literature.
- appreciate new works in literature and pursue their interests in it
- examine different ways of reading and using literary texts across wide range of classical authors, genres and periods with comparative perspectives
- develop ability to pursue research in the field of new literatures in English

# Course Contents Unit-I:

Novel

Amitav Ghosh, Shadow Lines

Unit-II: Tahmima Anand, A Golden Age

Unit-III: Poetry

Derek Walcott, "A Far Cry from Africa"

Yasmine Gunaratne, "Big Match"

Margaret Atwood-"The Animals in that Country"

Kamala Das- "Punishment in Kindergarten"

# **Suggested Readings**

# Wings of Poesy-Trinity, 2012

Ulka Anjaria, ed. A History of the Indian Novel in English, Cambridge UP, 2015.

Elleke Boehmer and Rosinka Chaudhuri, eds. The Indian Postcolonial: A Critical Reader,

London; New York: Routledge, 2011

Neil Lazarus Resistance in Postcolonial African Fiction, New Haven: Yale University Press,

Robert D Hammer, *Critical Perspectives on Derek Walcott*. Colorado: Lynne Reinner Publishers, 1997.

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# ENGLISH-FYUGP-VALUE ADDED COURSE

#### VALUE-BASED-COURSE

#### **SOFT SKILLS:**

Semester -	VALUE ADDED COURSE: SOFT SKILLS	Course Code:
Hours: 3		Credits: 3

## **Objectives:**

- 1. To make students capable of defining a team, understanding the core attributes of teamwork and stages of team development, addressing team conflicts, and participating in and enhancing team performance.
- 2. To help students comprehensively understand Emotional Intelligence (EI), differentiating it from interpersonal skills, and exploring its significant components and practical applications.
- 3. To equip students to differentiate adaptability from flexibility, understand neuroplasticity, cultivate resilience, leverage failures, and apply adaptability in varied contexts.
- 4. To impart a inclusive understanding of leadership, integrating foundational concepts with real-world applications.
- 5. To equip learners with a holistic understanding of problem-solving, from foundational theories to practical techniques.

## **Course Outcomes:**

Students should be able to

- 1. Define teams, recognize effective teamwork attributes, navigate team development stages, collaborate in diverse environments, resolve team conflicts, and actively contribute to positive team dynamics.
- 2. Distinguish between EI and interpersonal skills, understand its role in key areas like decision-making and leadership, and apply EI concepts effectively in real-world situations.
- 3. Master adaptability concepts, understand neuroplasticity, cultivate a growth mindset, navigate failures, and apply adaptable strategies in diverse settings.
- 4. Differentiate between leadership and management, understand the transformational impact of leadership, and apply core concepts in real-world scenarios.
- 5. Differentiate key phases, apply critical thinking, utilize established techniques, navigate complex challenges, and engage in real-world problem-solving applications effectively.

## **Unit I:Team Work**

**Define the Concept:** Definition, differences between groups and teams and types of teams. **Understand Team Attributes:** Recognize qualities of effective teams, Trust, communication, collaboration, shared vision. **Navigate Team Development:** Explore Tuckman's model, Understand stages and associated challenges. **Collaborate with Diversity:** Value diverse team members, Strategies for inclusive collaboration. **Resolve Conflicts:** Identify sources of team conflicts, Apply resolution techniques.

# **Unit II: Emotional Intelligence (EI)**

Overview of the idea: Distinguishing Emotional Intelligence (EI) from interpersonal skills. Recognize Importance: Decision-making, resilience, leadership. Cultivate Self-awareness: Recognizing emotions. Embrace Empathy: Understanding others' feelings. Motivate & Drive: Goleman's intrinsic principles. Apply Self-regulation: Mindfulness techniques. Develop Social Skills: Effective communication. Promote Learning: Insights from EI proponents.

# **Unit III: Adaptability**

**Define the Concept:** Understanding adaptability; distinguishing between flexibility and adaptability. **Recognize the Need for Change:** Discerning change importance; acknowledging the impact of global shifts and dynamics. **The Science of Adaptability:** Introduction to neuroplasticity; the brain's ability to change and its role in adaptability. **Embrace Failures:** Understanding the importance of setbacks in personal growth; learning and evolving from failures.**Pivot and Adjust:** The art of personal and professional pivoting; adjusting strategies in response to changing scenarios. **Build Resilience & Antifragility:** The intertwined concepts of resilience and antifragility; thriving amidst adversity and challenges.

# **Unit 4: Leadership**

Describe the notion: Differentiation, Leadership, Management. Recognize Importance: Transformational Impact, Effective Leadership. Cultivate Vision & Purpose: Harnessing, 'Why', Organizational Direction. Leadership Traits: Cohesive Teams, Vulnerability, Strength. Lead Through Change: Navigation, Eight-Step Change Management. Strengthen Decision-making: Strategic Guidance, Optimal Results. Enhance Communication: Reliance, Shared Vision. Continuous Growth & Learning: Evolution, Leadership Journey.

# **Unit 5: Problem Solving**

Define the idea: Problem Identification, Analysis, and Decision-making. Recognize Importance: Critical Thinking, Effective Solutions, Real-world Impact. Theoretical Foundations: Historical Overview, Rational Choice Theory, Cognitive Process. Problem Solving Techniques: Brainstorming, Asking "Why?" repeatedly, Fishbone Diagrams. Decision Making Processes: Criteria Establishment, Risk Assessment, Ethical Considerations. Navigating Complex Problems: Ambiguity, Systemic Issues and Interdisciplinary Approach. Reflection & Continuous Improvement: Evaluation, Feedback

Mechanisms, Iterative Problem Solving.

Suggested Reading:

Soft Skills- R. Vasanthan, Global Net publication, 2023

# FUNCTIONAL ENGLISH (VOCATIONAL STUDIES) (CBCS)

# Core-I

# **English Phonetics**

- Objective: To enable the learners to be correct and fluent in English pronunciation and to acquire a sound knowledge of major style and global varieties of English
- Mark allotment : Full Marks : 100

Theory: 50 (70% for External and 30% for Internal Assessment)

Practical: 50 (Entirely Internal)

Pass mark : 45 % in every category of Assessment (i.e. Theory, Practical,

External, Internal)

- 6 credits
- Duration of External Examination (i.e. 70% of theory): 3 Hours
- To obtain the Degree/Diploma Students will have to secure the pass marks in all the categories
  of assessment

#### Unit –I

(20 Marks = Theory 10 + Practical 10) Theory: 10 Marks (7 for external + 3 for internal)

## **Organs of Speech and Speech mechanism**

Practical: 10 Marks (to conduct internally)

Students must learn identifying the air-stream mechanism, the place and manner of articulate of all the 44 sounds

# Unit - II

Theory: 10 Marks (7 for external + 3 for internal)

Sounds and symbols of Vowels, Consonants and Diphthongs

#### Practical;

- a) Intensive drilling for production of individual sounds, words and sentences in English.
- b) They also should learn writing the latest IPA symbols for all sounds
- c) They must learn the Phonetic transcription (of simple and individual words/characters)
- d) They must have English Pronouncing Dictionary/ a copy of latest Oxford Advanced Learners Dictionary of Current English.

#### Unit – III

- a) Assimilation, elision, stress
- b) The Syllable
- c) Description and analysis of Sounds in English

Practical: 10 Marks (to conduct internally)

- a) Proper Application and use of Assimilation, Elision, Stress, the Syllable and the Sounds of English in speaking.
- b) Phonetic transcription (of Sentences and paragraphs)

## Unit - IV

Theory: 10 Marks (7 for external + 3 for internal)

- a) Intonation
- b) Rhythm in connected sentences
- c) Common errors

Practical: 10 Marks (to conduct internally)

- a) Proper Application and use of Intonation, Rhythm in connected sentences.
- b) Explanation and correction of Common errors in pronouncing English words

#### Unit - V

Style and Varieties of English-1

Theory: 10 Marks (7 for external + 3 for internal)

- a) Varieties of English: British, American and Indian English
- b) Standard English (as opposed to non standard variety e.g. slang, cockney, etc.)

Practical: 10 Marks (to conduct internally)

Differentiating and applying varieties of English discussed in theory section

## Suggested Reading:

- 1. Adams, Royce. Reading Skills: A Guide for Better Reading.
- 2. Balasubramaniam, T. A Textbook of English Phonetics for India Students.
- 3. Balasubramaniam, T. English Phonetics for Indian Students: A Work Book.
- 4. Bansal, R. K & Harrison, J. B Spoken English: A Manual of Speech & Phonetics.
- 5. Jones, Daniel. *The Pronunciation of English*.
- 6. O'Connor, J. D. Better English Pronunciation.
- 7. Roach, Peter. English Phonetics and Phonology.
- 8. Warner, Alan. A Short Guide to English Style.
- 9. Fowler, H. W. The King's English, 3<sup>rd</sup> ed.
- 10. Gimson, A. C. An Introduction to the Pronunciation of English, 2<sup>nd</sup> ed.
- 11. Nicholson, Margaret. A Dictionary of American-English Usage: Based on Fowlers' Modern English Usage.
- 12. Wood, Frederick T. Current English Usage: A Concise Dictionary.

#### **CORE-II**

#### **Remedial Grammar**

1. Objective: To enable learners to use English language grammatically and confidently especially in those areas where non native users of English face problems

#### **Unit-I:**

Theory: 10 Marks (7 for external + 3 for internal)

a) Verb – Main verb, auxiliary verb, modal auxiliary, finite, non finite, anomalous finite, transitive, intransitive

Practical: 10 Marks (to conduct internally)

Analysis and application of Verb – its kinds and varieties as discussed in the theory section

#### **Unit-II:**

Theory: 10 Marks (7 for external + 3 for internal)

- a) Tenses their forms & different functions
- b) Concord/ Agreement of Verb and Subject in Number and Person

Practical: 10 Marks (to conduct internally)

Intensive training for correct application of knowledge gained in theory class.

#### Unit –III

Theory: 10 Marks (7 for external + 3 for internal)

- a) Articles
- b) Question tags

## c) Confusion between Adjective & Adverb

Practical: 10 Marks (to conduct internally)

Intensive training for correct application of items done in theory class.

#### **Unit-IV**

Theory: 10 Marks (7 for external + 3 for internal)

- a) Case
- b) Active & passive voice
- c) Preposition (of positions, Place relations and other relations)

Practical: 10 Marks (to conduct internally)

Intensive training for correct application of items done in theory class.

# Unit -V

Theory: 10 Marks (7 for external + 3 for internal)

- a) Simple, compound and Complex Sentence
- b) Punctuation
- c) Common errors
- d) Anglicisation of loan words in English (current and common items only)

Practical: 10 Marks (to conduct internally)

Intensive training for correct application of knowledge gained in theory class.

# **Suggested Reading:**

- 1. Carey, G. V. Punctuation.
- 2. Christopheren, Paul and Arthur O. Sandved. An Advanced English Grammar.
- 3. Fries, Charles Carpenter. The Structure of English: An Introduction to the Construction of English Sentences.
- 4. Green, David. Contemporary English Grammar.
- 5. Krishnaswamy, N. Modern English: A book of Grammar, Usage & Composition.
- 6. Kumar, A. K. Golden English Guide (A Guide with a Difference.)
- 7. Leech, Geoffrey and Svartvik, Jan. A Communicative Grammar of English.
- 8. Morenberg, Max. Doing Grammar.
- 9. Strang, Barbara M. H. Modern English Structure.
- 10. Thomson, A. J. and Martinet, A. V. A practical English Grammar.
- 11. Tregidgo, P. S. Practical English Usage: for Overseas Students.
- 12. Wood, Frederick T. English Prepositional Idioms
- 13. Wood, Frederick T. A Remedial English Grammar for Foreign Students.

## Core-III

## **Writing Skills**

Objective: To enable learners to write in English effectively for various specific purposes

## Unit -I

Theory: 10 Marks (7 for external + 3 for internal)

- a) Planning and writing paragraphs
- b) Art and Style of Writing: Cohesion, Coherence, Idioms and phrases,
- c) Creative Writing (Short story writing and Expansion of ideas)

Practical: 10 Marks (to conduct internally)

a) Intensive practice of various forms of writing on the basis of theoretical inputs.

#### Unit -II

# Writing for Media

Theory: 10 Marks (7 for external + 3 for internal)

- a) Writing for News: Elements of news, Characteristics of news, Types of news, Difference between Newspaper and Radio & TV with reference to language
- b) Feature Writing
- c) Advertisement: Banners, Posters, pamphlets, Hoardings, Captions, invitations & Titles etc.

Practical: 10 Marks (to conduct internally)

a) Intensive training in and practice of writing the items taught in the theory section; writing the same in real life situations and maintaining copies and clippings.

#### **Unit-III**

## **Academic and Review Writing**

Theory: 10 Marks (7 for external + 3 for internal)

- a) English for specific purposes (Introduction and a general overview) and Register
- b) Report writing
- c) Academic writing (Types and structure)

Practical: 10 Marks (to conduct internally)

Intensive training and practice of various types of writing as taught in theory section and also maintain copies/clippings of actual writings in real life situations i.e. in Journals, newspapers etc.

#### Unit -IV

# Writing Letters and taking Minutes

Theory: 10 Marks (7 for external + 3 for internal)

- a) Letter writing: Business, Official, Personal (their nature, structure, features and format)
- b) Letters to Editors: Importance and Structure of the letters
- c) Taking minutes and recording meeting proceedings

Practical: 10 Marks (to conduct internally)

d) Intensive training and practice write out as taught in the theory section and also write them in real life situations and maintain copies/clippings of published items.

# Unit -V

#### **Publication and Reviewing**

Theory: 10 Marks (7 for external + 3 for internal)

- a) Types of book and Parts of a book
- b) Book reviews: (Nature of Book review, Characteristics and purpose of book review, critical analysis of book contents)
- c) Critical analysis of various writings

Practical: 10 Marks (to conduct internally)

Training and practice writing reviews and critical analysis of various written texts.

## **Suggested Reading:**

1. Ahuja, B. N. Theory & Practice of Journalism: Set to Indian Context.

- 2. Ahuja, B. N. A Concise Course in Reporting for Newspapers, Magazines, Radio and the T.V.
- 3. Chander, Jagdish (ed.). Creative English.
- 4. Collins, V. H. A Book of English Idioms.
- 5. Collins, V. H. Right Word, Wrong Word.
- 6. Gowers, Ernest. The Complete Plain Words.
- 7. Hakemulder, Jan R & Jonge, Fay Ac de. News Reporting & Editing.
- 8. Hicks, Wynford & Holmes, Tim. Subediting for Journalists.
- 9. Hill, L. A & May, D. J. Advanced Comprehension & Appreciation Pieces for Overseas Students.
- 10. Kamath, M. V. Professional Journalism.
- 11. Kumar, A. K. Golden English Guide (A Guide with a Difference).
- 12. McNair, Brian. News & Journalism in U.K: A Textbook.
- 13. Neal, James M & Brown, Suzanne S News writing & reporting
- 14. Rau, M. Chalapathi. Journalism & Politics.
- 15. Shrivastava, K. M. New reporting & Editing
- 16. Vandana R Singh. The Written Word.
- 17. A Ashley. The Oxford Handbook of Commercial Correspondence.
- 18. Raman M & Sharma S. Technical Communication.
- 19. Jane Dorner. Writing for the Internet.
- 20. Judith Leigh. CVs and Applications.
- 21. MAK Halliday. Spoken and Written Language.
- 22. MAK Halliday, Ruqaiya Hasan. Cohesion in English. (English Language Series 9).

#### **CORE-IV**

#### **Oral Communication**

Objective: To enable learners to use English fluently in oral communications

# Unit –I Conversational English

Theory: 10 Marks (7 for external + 3 for internal)

- a) Conversation (on formal & informal occasions Nature, role, characteristics, techniques, procedures and decorum)
- b) Oral Communication in various situations (Nature, role, characteristics, techniques, procedures and decorum)— In the Post Office, at the bank, at the worship place, receiving and seeing off a guest, at the travel agency, at the customs, at the international port, asking to pay, catching a train, booking a room at a hotel, making a telephone call, asking the time —time expression, buying & selling, at the air port, at the police station, making an apology, taking a taxi, at the clinics, making an appointment, at the chemists, at a dinner party, In the beauty parlour, at the restaurant, etc.

Practical: 10 Marks (to conduct internally)

a) Practice the items taught in theory class through Role Play, Simulation, Mock Programmes and apply them in Real Life Situations

#### Unit -II

#### **Public Speaking 1: Group Dynamics and Meetings**

Theory: Mark: 10 (7 for external + 3 for internal)

- a) Group discussion (Nature, role, characteristic, techniques, procedures, elements and decorum)
- b) Debate (Nature, role, characteristic, techniques, procedures, elements and decorum)
- c) Chairing and moderating meetings, group discussion etc. (Nature, role, characteristic, techniques, procedures, elements and decorum)

Practical: 10 Marks (to conduct internally)

Practice and perform activities in theory class through Role Play, Simulation, Mock Programmes and apply them in Real Life Situations

#### **Unit –III**

# **Public Speaking 2: Seminars and Symposia**

Theory Mark: 10 (7 for external + 3 for internal)

- a) Seminars: Importance, nature, role, characteristic, techniques, procedures, elements and decorum
- b) Symposia: Importance, nature, role, characteristic, techniques, procedures, elements and decorum

Practical: 10Marks (to conduct internally)

a) Practice and perform activities in theory class through Role Play, Simulation, Mock Programmes and apply them in Real Life Situations

#### Unit -IV

# **Public Speaking 3: Teaching and Speech presentation**

Theory: 10 Marks (7 for external + 3 for internal)

- a) Teaching: Importance, role, techniques, procedures & essential elements
- b) Speech presentation ( Prepared & extempore, of various types) : Importance, role, techniques, procedures & essential elements

Practical: 10 Marks (to conduct internally)

a) Practice and perform activities in theory class through Role Play, Simulation, Mock Programmes and apply them in Real Life Situations

#### Unit -V

# **Public Speaking-4: Hosting and attending**

Theory: 10 Marks (7 for external + 3 for internal)

- a) Programme/function hosting : Importance, role, techniques, procedures & essential elements
- b) Performing as receptionist in firms: Importance, role, techniques, procedures and essential elements .

Practical: 10 Marks (to conduct internally)

a) Practice and perform activities in theory class through Role Play, Simulation, Mock Programmes and apply them in Real Life Situations

# **Suggested Reading:**

- 1. Ahuja, B. N. Theory & Practice of Journalism: Set to Indian Context.
- 2. Ahuja, B. N. A Concise Course in Reporting for Newspapers, Magazines, Radio and the T.V.
- 3. Chander, Jagdish (ed.). Creative English.
- 4. Collins, V. H. A Book of English Idioms.
- 5. Collins, V. H. Right Word, Wrong Word.
- 6. Gowers, Ernest. The Complete Plain Words.
- 7. Hakemulder, Jan R and Jonge, Fay Ac de News Reporting & Editing.

- 8. Hicks, Wynford and Holmes, Tim. Subediting for Journalists.
- 9. Hill, L. A and May, D. J. Advanced Comprehension and Appreciation Pieces for Overseas Students.
- 10. Kamath, M. V. Professional Journalism.
- 11. Kumar, A. K. Golden English Guide (A Guide with a Difference).
- 12. McNair, Brian. News and Journalism in U.K: A Textbook.
- 13. Neal, James M and Brown, Suzanne S. News writing and reporting
- 14. Rau, M. Chalapathi. Journalism and Politics.
- 15. Shrivastava, K. M. New reporting and Editing
- 16. Vandana R Singh. The Written Word.
- 17. A Ashley. The Oxford Handbook of Commercial Correspondence.
- 18. Raman M. and S. Sharma Technical Communication.
- 19. Jane Dorner. Writing for the Internet.
- 20. Judith Leigh. CVs and Applications.
- 21. MAK Halliday. Spoken and Written Language.
- 22. MAK Halliday, Ruqaiya Hasan. Cohesion in English. (English Language Series 9).

## **Mass Communication and Broadcasting**

Objective: To provide the learners with an intensified training in the English language applying career avenues of Mass Communication and Broadcasting.

#### Unit -I

# Radio and TV Broadcasting

Theory Mark: 10 (7 for external + 3 for internal)

- a) Introduction to Mass Communication
- b) TV Broadcasting: Introduction, Importance, Role, nature & essential elements
- c) Radio broadcasting: Introduction, Importance, Role, nature & essential elements

Practical: 10 Marks (to conduct internally)

a) Visit to TV Studios and Radio stations to familiarise the students with the functioning of studios with special reference to the role of Programme Presenters and write Reports thereof.

# Unit -II

#### **News casting**

Theory: 10 Marks (7 for external + 3 for internal)

News casting on TV: Importance, role, requisite traits and qualities of a Newscaster

Practical: 10 Marks (to conduct internally)

b) Practice of TV News casting

#### Unit -III

TV Programme Presentation

Theory: 10 Marks (7 for external + 3 for internal)

a) TV Programme presentation: Anchoring, Interviews & Interviewing, Talk Show - Role, importance, techniques, procedure and requisite traits, personality

Practical: 10 Marks (to conduct internally)

Practice Anchoring, Interviews & Interviewing, Talk Show for TV shows subsequently perform in real life situations

#### Unit -IV

# **Radio Programme Presentation**

Theory: 10 Marks (7 for external + 3 for internal)

a) Radio programme Presentation-1: News Reading, Radio talk

Practical: 10 Marks (to conduct internally)

a) Practice and act out Radio News Reading, Radio talk

#### Unit -V

# **Radio Programme Presentation**

Theory: 10 Marks (7 for external + 3 for internal)

Radio programme Presentation-2: Radio drama, Disc Jockey (Role, Importance and requisite traits and elements.

Practical: 10 Marks (to conduct internally)

Practice performing Radio drama, and as Disc Jockey

# **Suggested Reading:**

- 1. Joshua Meyrowitz. No Sense of Place-The Impact of Electronic Media on Social Behaviour.
- 2. Wilpy, P & Conroy, A. The Radio Handbook.
- 3. S P Dhanavel. English and Soft Skills.
- 4. Fast Julius. Body Language.
- 5. Bleak M. Journalistic Work and Television.
- 6. Hagerman W L. Broadcast Announcing.
- 7. Hyde Stuart. Television and Radio Announcing.
- 8. Amal Datta. Effects of Television and Viewers.
- 9. Neeru Kapoor. Television Advertising and Consumer Response.
- 10. Sharda Kaushik. Script to Screen: An Introduction to TV Journalism
- 11. H.R Luthra. Indian Broadcasting, New Delhi: Publications Division, 1986.
- 12. Baruah, U.L. This is All India Radio, Publications Division, New Delhi, 1983.
- 13. Benson, W.A. The Impact of Television.
- 14. Halloran' J.D (Ed). The Effects of Television.
- 15. Masani, Mehra, Broadcasting and People
- 16. Ewbank Henry, Lawton Sherman P. Broadcasting: Radio and Television.

# **Advertisement and Media**

Unit-I.

Role of Advertisement and Media

Unit-II:

#### Advertisement

- 1. Types of advertisements
- 2. Advertising ethics
- 3. How to create advertisements/storyboards

#### **Topics for Student Presentations:**

- a. Creating an advertisement/visualization
- b. Enacting an advertisement in a group
- c. Creating jingles and taglines

#### **Unit-III:**

## **Media Writing**

- 1. Scriptwriting for TV and Radio
- 2. Writing News Reports and Editorials
- 3. Editing for Print and Online Media

# **Topics for Student Presentations:**

- a. Script writing for a TV news/panel discussion/radio programme/hosting radio programmes on community radio
- b. Writing news reports/book reviews/film reviews/TV program reviews/interviews
- c. Editing articles
- d. Writing an editorial on a topical subject

#### Unit-IV:

## **Introduction to Cyber Media and Social Media**

- 1. Types of Social Media
- 2. The Impact of Social Media
- 3. Introduction to Cyber Media

#### **Unit-V:**

# Media Ethics, Employment and Ways of Promoting Employability

Cyber crimes, How to control cyber crimes,

Avenues of employment

How to promote employability

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# Additional Papers as Core/SEC: (Can be opted in case of approved syllabus change only)

## Paper-I: Mother- Tongue and Other Tongue

The centuries-long usage of English has made us forget many valuable aspects of our mother-tongues. The paper seeks to look back to traditions in our mother-tongue speaking and writing. Hence the students need to be exposed to translating the literatures in mother-tongue to English, for its preservation, promotion and dissemination. The learning of skills must be applied here for creativity. The teacher should expose the students profusely to all types of literatures both oral and written and enthuse their participation by provoking them to performance and translation. The teacher has to arrange the lectures on importance of different units and give sufficient assignments to the students (a minimum of 30 assignments on each unit)

#### **Unit-I:**

Translating Poetry:

#### **Unit-II:**

**Translating Prose:** 

#### **Unit-III:**

Translating Proverbs, Idioms, important terms in popular parlances, etc.

#### Unit-IV:

Collecting folk literature and translating to English

#### Unit-V:

Appreciating and Recording Folk Performance

## Paper-II: Language, Figures of Speech and Literary Terms

#### **Unit-I:**

Style and Varieties of English-2

Theory: 10 Marks (7 for external + 3 for internal)

- a) Written and Spoken English
- b) Formal and Informal English

Practical: 10 Marks (to conduct internally)

Practice and Application of the style and varieties provided in theory section

**Unit-II** 

# **Figures of Speech and Literary Terms:**

Anticlimax, Antithesis, climax, Euphemism, pun, paradox, simile, synecdoche, irony, metaphor, metonymy, oxymoron, allegory, archaism, hyperbole, alliteration, rhyme, rhetorical question, anaphora, epiphora, tautology, enallege, ellipsis, syllepsis, inversion, hysteron, proteron

Practical: To learn the meaning and usage with examples from literature/ literary texts and recurrent internal examinations should be conducted.

#### **Unit-III:**

# **Appreciating Literature:**

The students should be profusely exposed to different types of Literature like poetry, drama, novel, short story and be given paragraphs, stanzas, dialogues, etc. ex tempore and asked to write critical appreciation.

## **Unit-IV:**

#### **Reading Literature:**

The Reading skills of the students should be evaluated to test their inhering of the correct pronunciation by use of Phonetics. All the students be asked by the teacher to read paragraphs loudly one by one. While one student will be reading, the others listening must point out the wrong pronunciation each after the reading by one is over.

Silent reading should be applied for examining comprehension tests on spot by giving them questionnaire to answer. Other reading skills must be imparted and practised by the students.

# **Unit-V:**

#### **Speaking:**

The Students must be exposed to different kinds of speaking skills and each must practise speaking. They must be given large varieties of topics to prepare and each student must speak by rotation on different topics.

12:

## Paper-III:

## **Project work:**

- a) **Objective**: To prepare the students for entering job markets according to their aptitude and interest
- a) In Unit I, II, III, and IV each student will be placed to work in one occupational job area under an established firm/ business establishment where English language is used/applied.
- b) The specific job may be to perform as one of the following: Tourist guide, Receptionist, Telephone attendant, Teacher, Programme/function Host/ Anchoring, Radio Announcer, Organising and presenting Talk Shows, Sports Commentator, Reporting etc.)
- c) This on the job training project will be carried out under the supervision of a teacher assigned by the Authority of concerned Institution.
- d) Each student is to submit a Report of the on the Job training so performed.
- e) The Project Report should be supported by authentication certificate from the concerned firm.
- f) If an appropriate firm cannot be found for a student to work in, the teacher-supervisor concerned will assign a suitable work for the student in question where the allotted credit hours will be wholly used.
- g) Under each unit a differed job should be assigned to each student.
- h) In Unit V each student will be required to write a Project Report in not less than 2000 words on a proposed occupation he/she would like/ plan to carry out after graduation. This report should contain, among other things, a proper discussion of rationale of the project, procedure for implementation, how the learning and training obtained in Vocational subject of Functional English is to be applied and how he/ she is to make an earning out of it.
- i) The Teacher-supervisor of each student will maintain a log book where the progress, participation and other comments on the performance of the student will be recorded.
- j) Examination/Evaluation: 70% of the marks is reserved for internal assessment and 30% for the Project Reports sent to University for external evaluation. The Pass mark for both the evaluations (internal and external will be 40% i.e. 28 for internal and 12 for the external
- k) Students will have to obtain pass marks in both internal and external assessment to pass the course.

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